

BMW
GROUP




THE COMPLEXITY OF AUTOMOTIVE SWITCH SOFTWARE: CHALLENGES AND APPROACHES TOWARDS A STANDARD


2024 - IEEE SA E&IP@ATD, DETROIT – BMW, STÉFANY CHOURAKORN

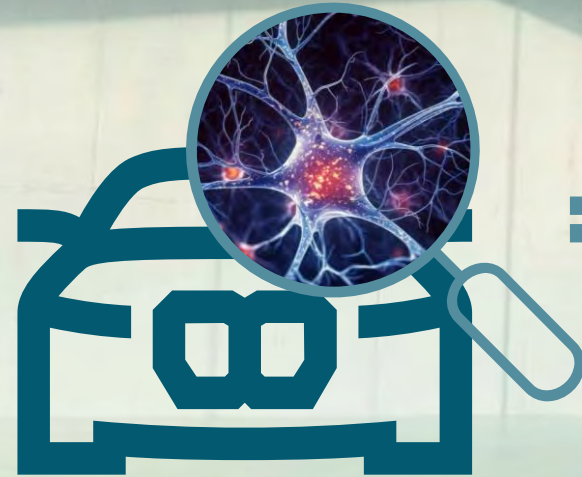
IN-VEHICLE NETWORK COMPLEXITY = HUMAN BODY. ANALOGY.

Coordination 

Motor 

Powertrain 

Ethernet, LIN,
CAN,... 



=



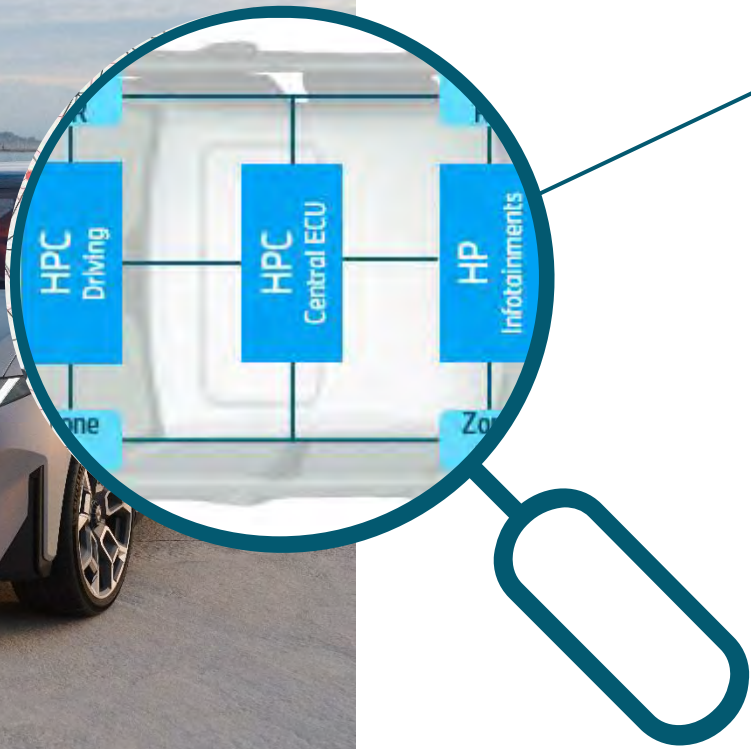
 Brain

 Heart

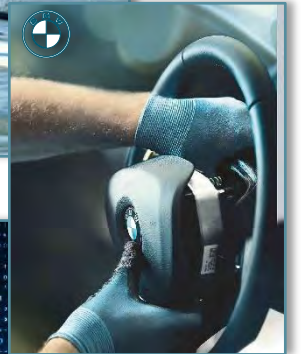
 Digestive system

 Blood vessel, hormones,
nerves

SWITCHES ARE KEY ELEMENTS IN OUR IN-VEHICLE NETWORK. THEIR INTEGRATION REQUIRES A LOTS OF COORDINATION.



Tier 1



OEM



Software Team



Semiconductor Companies

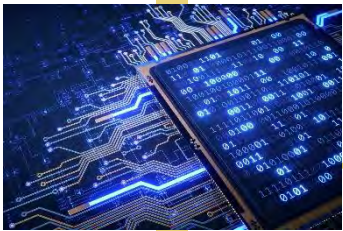
AGENDA.



Switch Integration TODAY



Why standardization ?

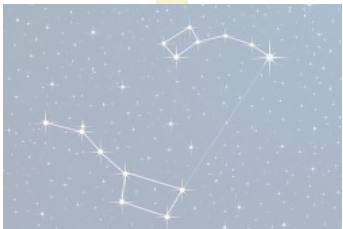
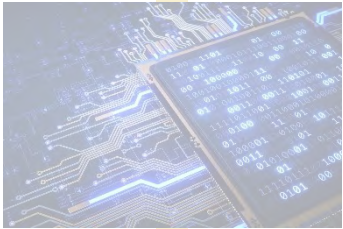


Switch Integration TOMORROW



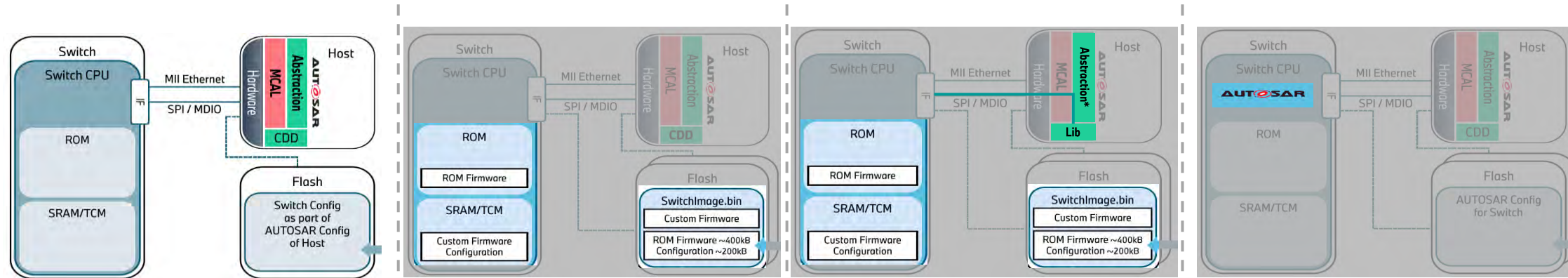
Mission North star, our objectives





SWITCH INTEGRATION TODAY

DIFFERENT SCENARIOS. FLASHBACK AEC 2023.

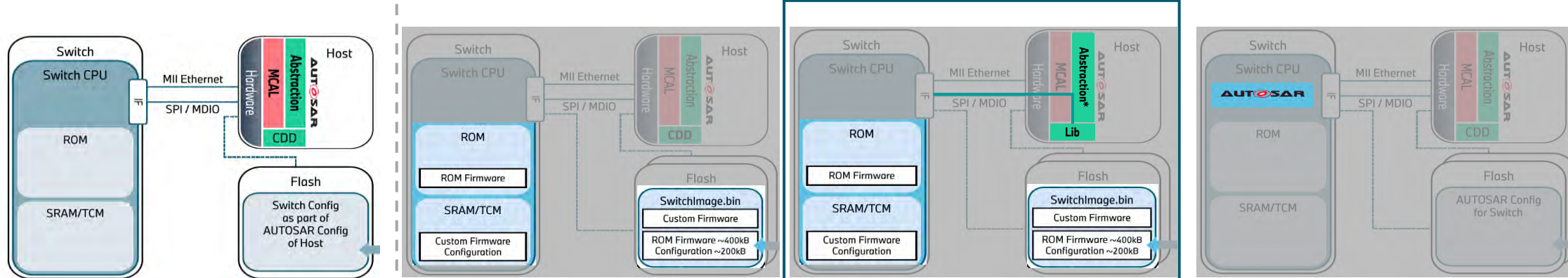


	Unmanaged Switch	Classic Switch	Hybrid Switch	AUTOSAR Switch
Host CPU utilization	⊖ ⊖	⊕ ⊕	⊕ ⊕	⊕ ⊕
Memory foot-print	⊕ ⊕	⊕ ⊕	⊕	⊕
Extensibility of feature set	⊖ ⊖	⊕ ⊕	⊕ ⊕	⊖ ⊖
Compliance, Inter-OP & Co	⊖/⊕	⊕	⊕	⊖/⊕
Start-up limitations / speed	⊖ ⊖	⊕ ⊕	⊕ ⊕	⊕
Debugging standards	⊕	⊖	⊖/⊕	⊕
Know-how transfer	⊕ ⊕	⊖ ⊖	⊕	⊕ ⊕

2023 - K. Budweiser, L. Jürgensen, Automotive Ethernet Congress

DIFFERENT SCENARIOS. FLASHBACK AEC 2023.

→ How does this look like in series projects?

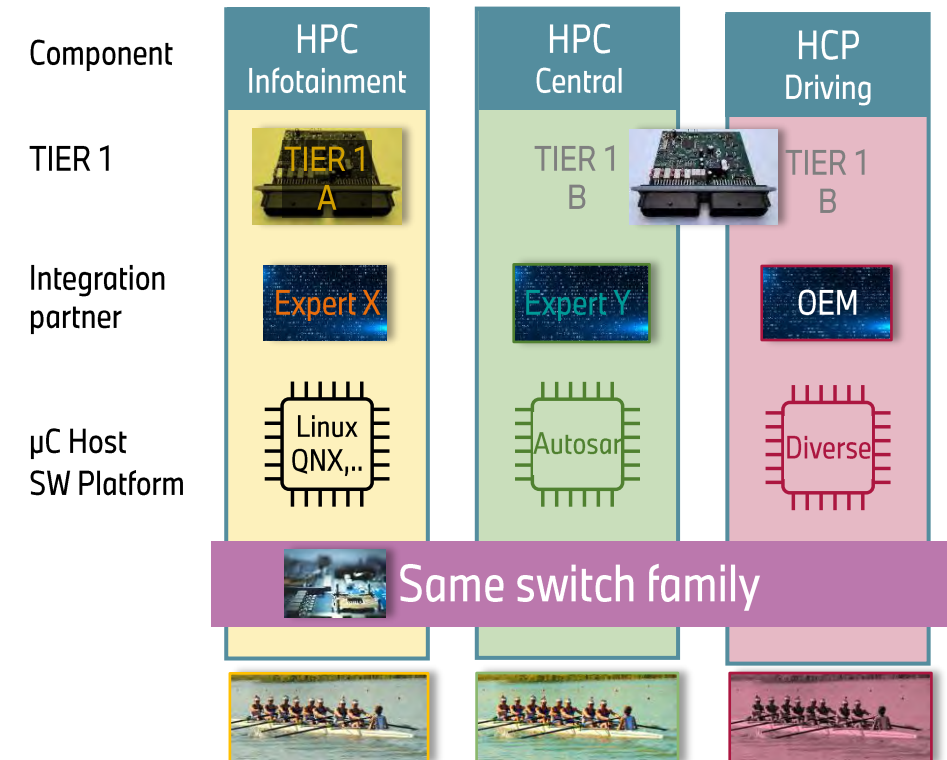
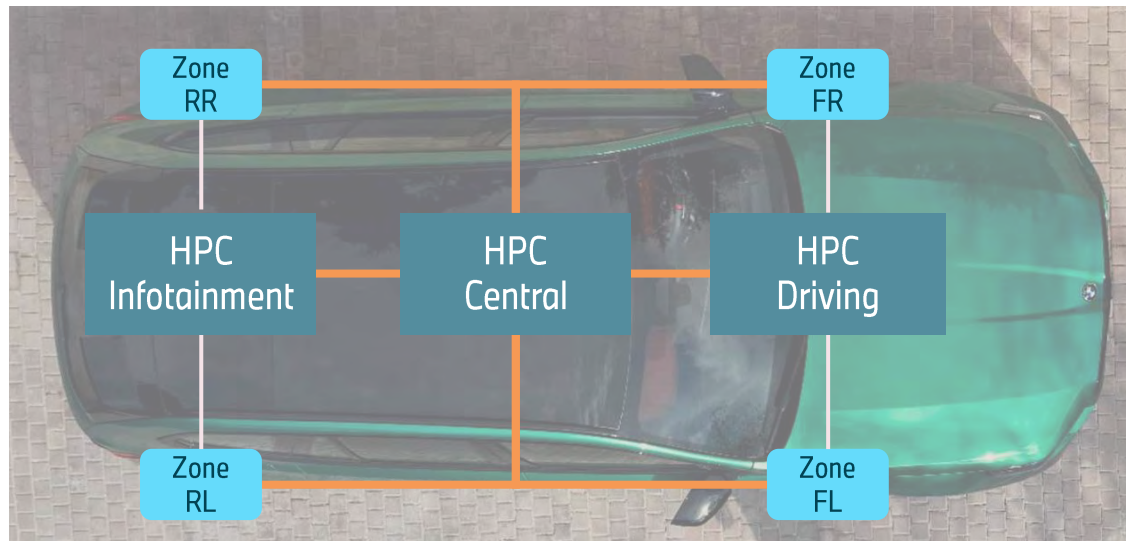


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Know-how transfer	⊕ ⊕	⊖ ⊖	⊕	⊕ ⊕

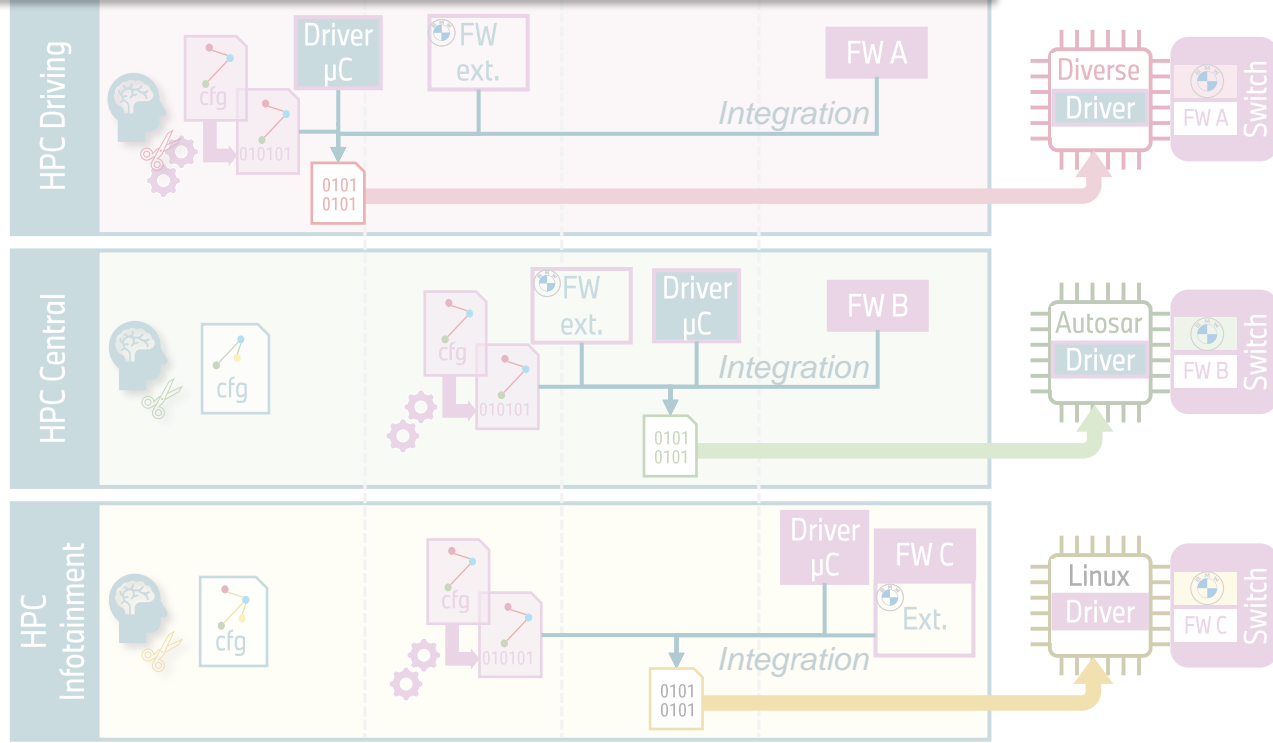
2023 - K. Budweiser, L. Jürgensen, Automotive Ethernet Congress

PLATFORM DEVELOPMENT FOR A ZONAL ARCHITECTURE. CASE STUDY | HYBRID SWITCH.

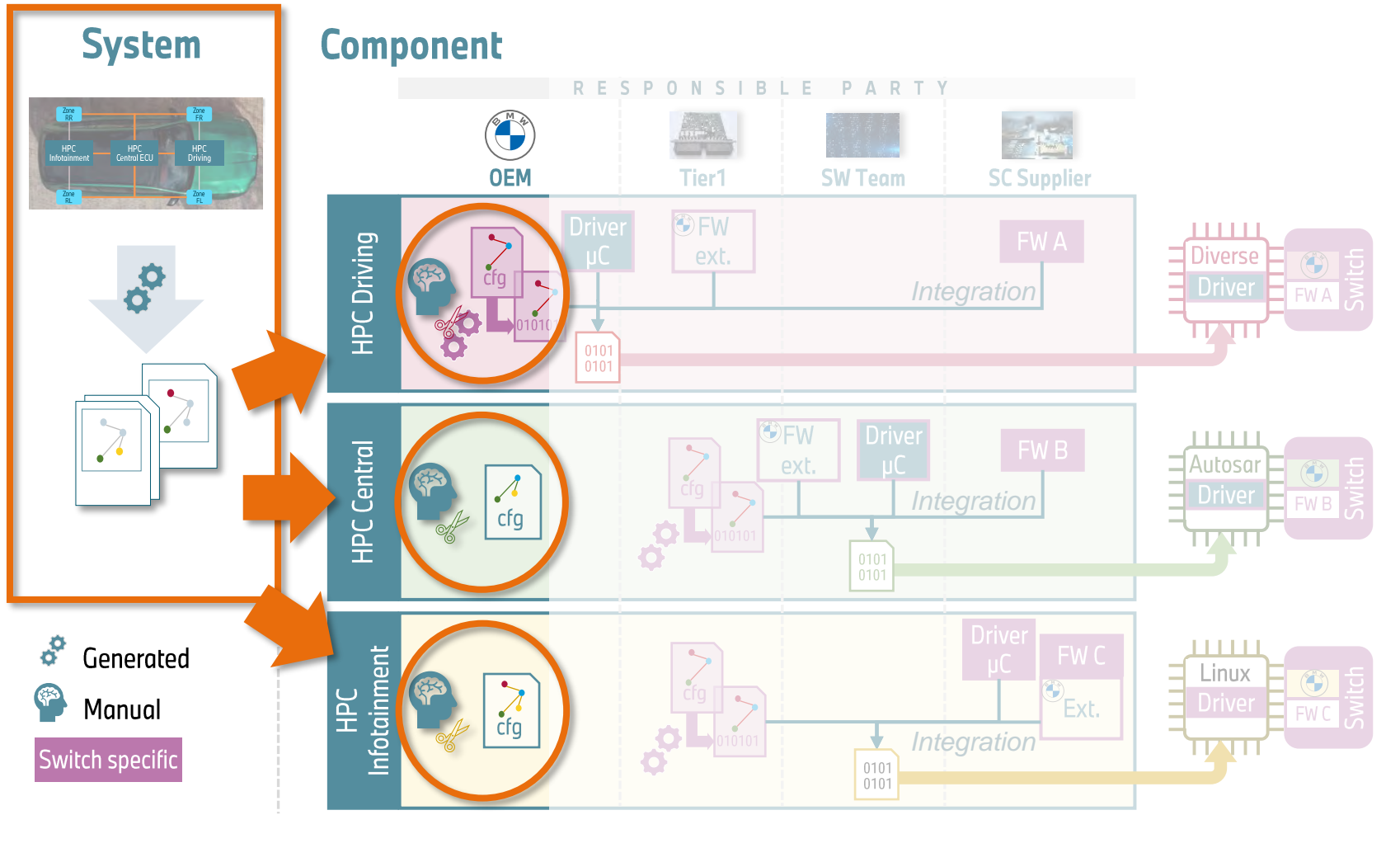
System overview as an example:



WORKFLOW AND ORGANIZATION ARE DIFFERENT. CASE STUDY.



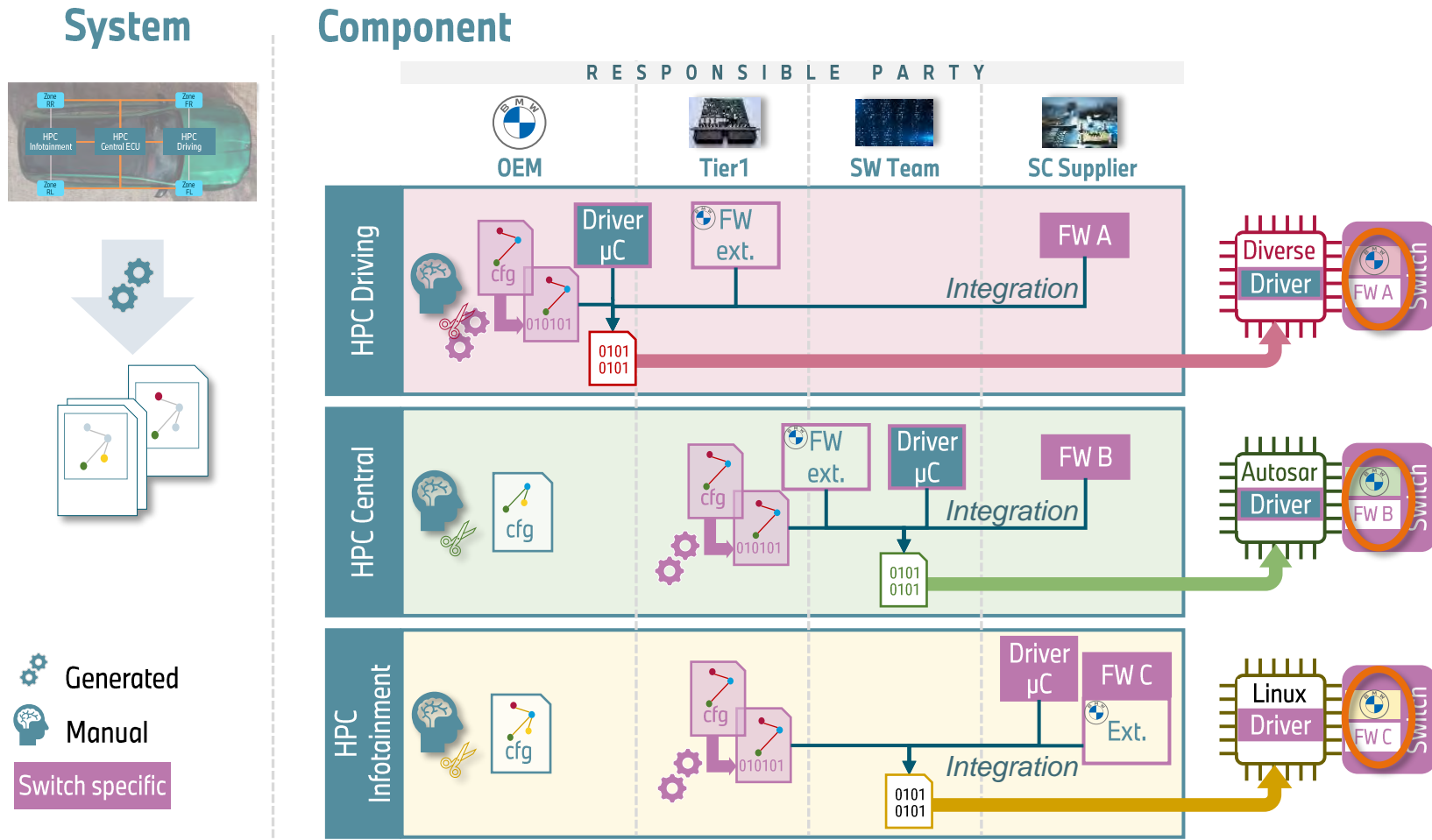
WORKFLOW AND ORGANIZATION ARE DIFFERENT. CASE STUDY.



System configuration is manually tailored on component level by OEM

Proprietary toolchain

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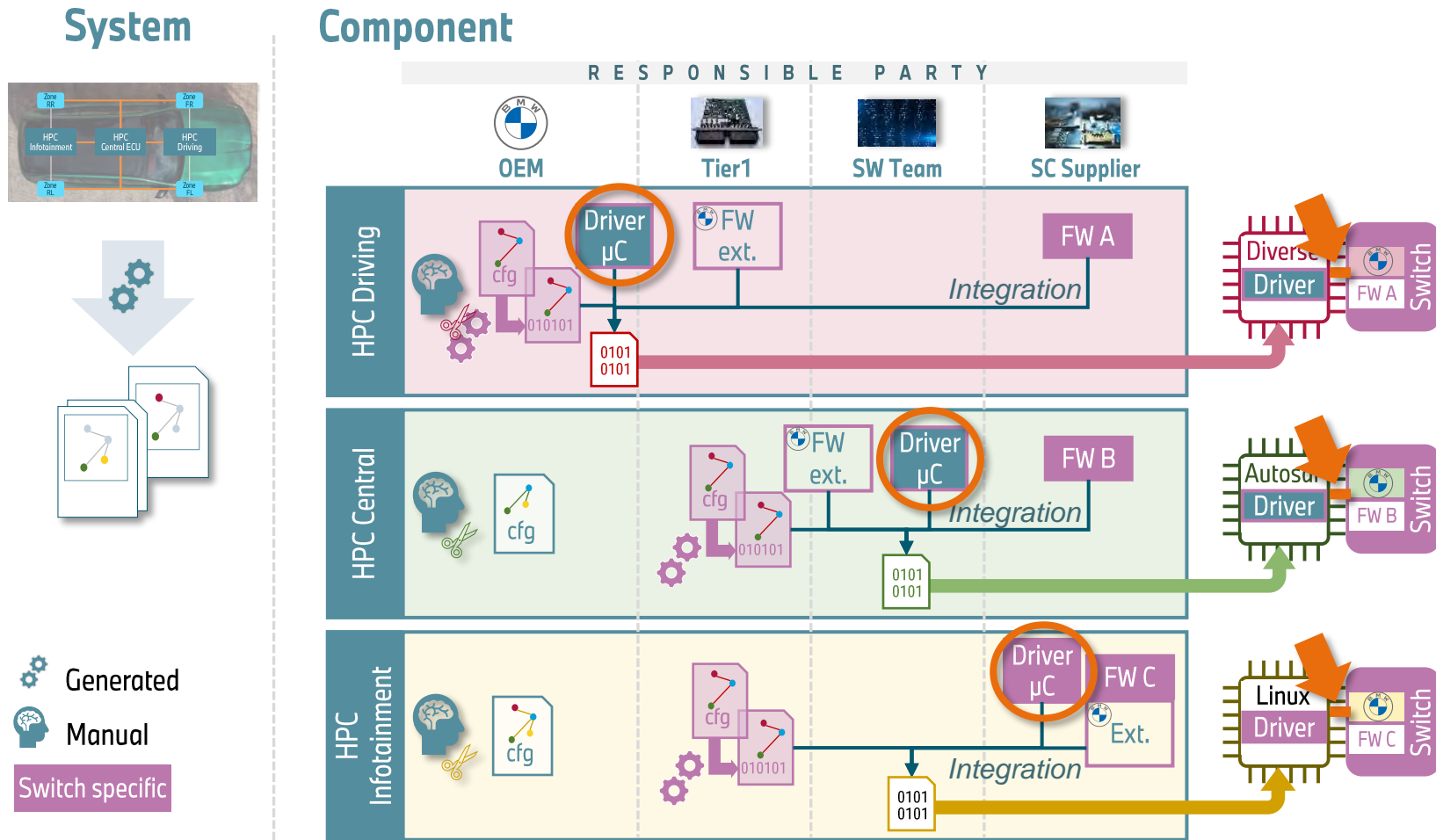


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FW Dependency FW & OEM extensions

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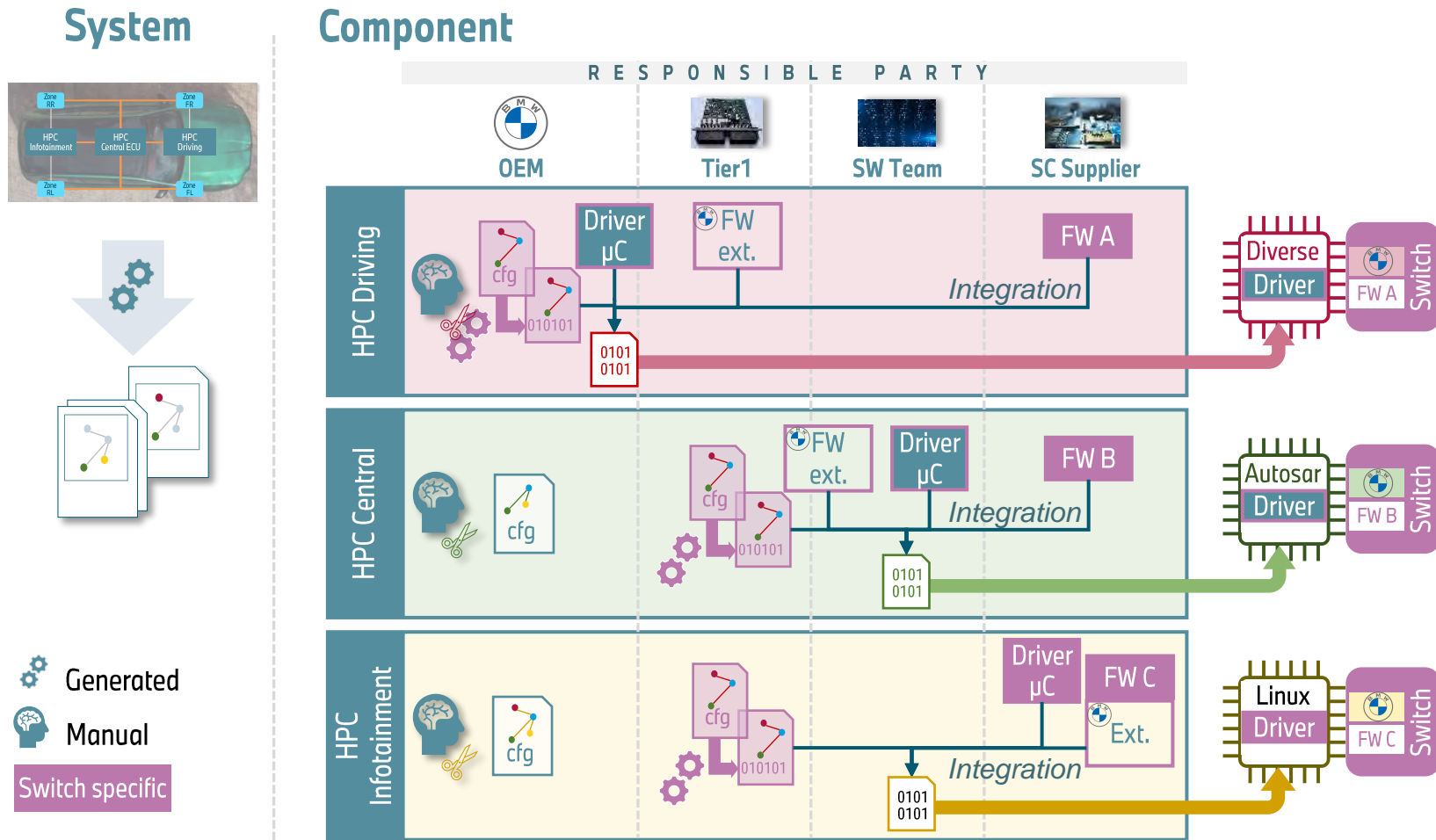
FW Dependency FW & OEM extensions

Driver OS-specific driver for proprietary protocol

➤ No synergy nor reuse

Current situation doesn't provide efficient workflow: a standardized development path (i.e. ECU process) is not available yet.

WORKFLOW AND ORGANIZATION ARE DIFFERENT. CASE STUDY.



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Proprietary toolchain

FW Dependency FW & OEM extensions

Driver OS-specific driver for proprietary protocol

➤ No synergy nor reuse



- Most switch vendors provide toolchain for configuration

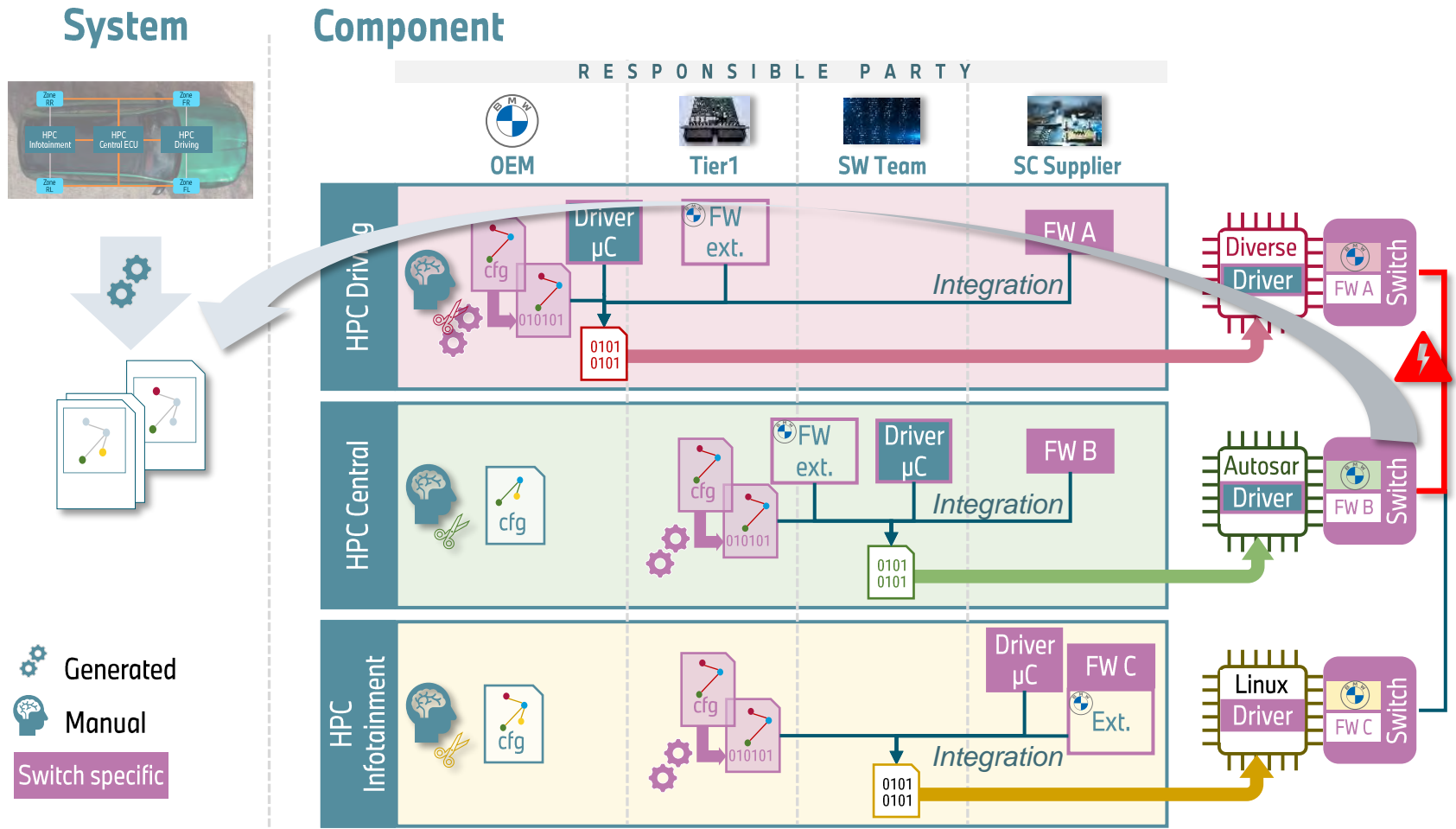
➤ Proprietary solutions arose

- Switch and PHY initialization in switch FW (not in main HPC)

Bug handling ?

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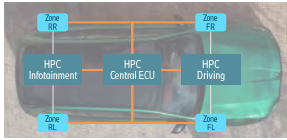
DEBUGGING REMAINS COMPLEX. CASE STUDY.



- At system integration (OEM)
- 🔍 Error reproduction for analysis (all parties)
 - Time and effort consuming
- ⚠️ Critical Firmware and HW fix
 - SW dependencies
 - Distribution
 - Version compatibility

DEBUGGING REMAINS COMPLEX. CASE STUDY.

System



Compatibility update

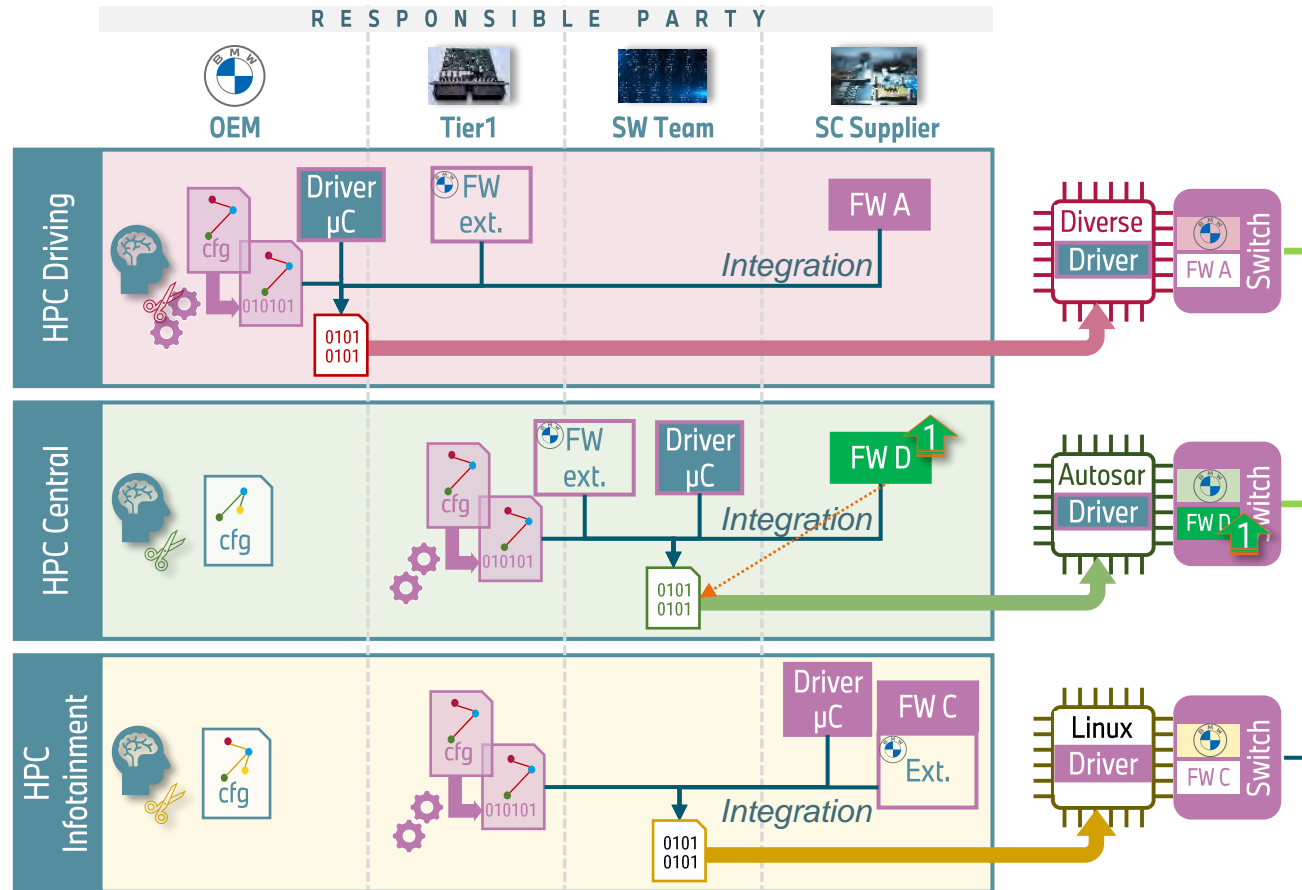
Update

Generated

Manual

Switch specific

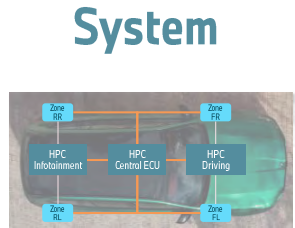
Component



- Firmware update: new integration iteration is triggered

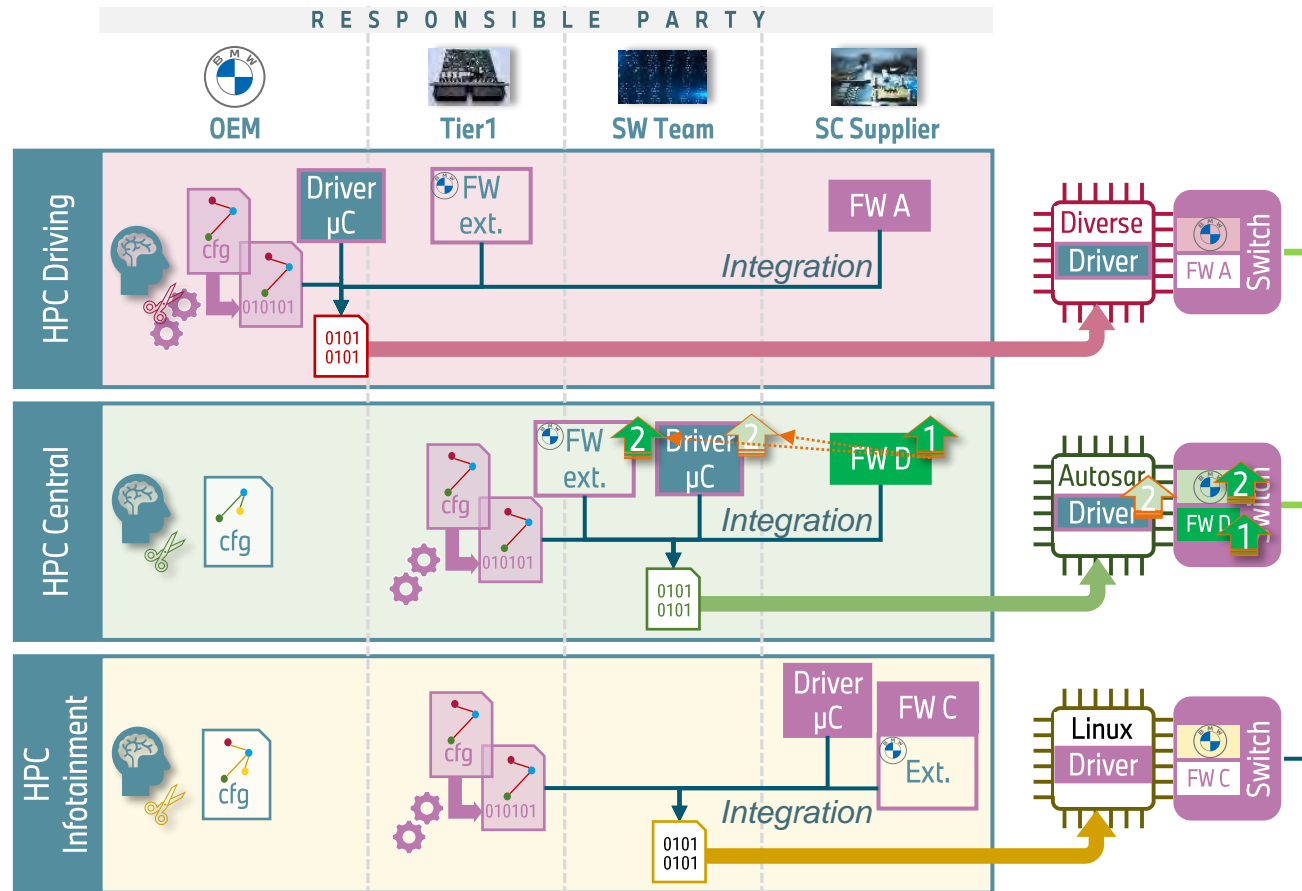
Upgrade firmware (switch vendor)

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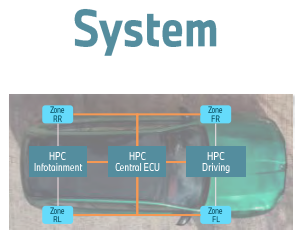
- Compatibility update
- Update
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- Manual
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Component



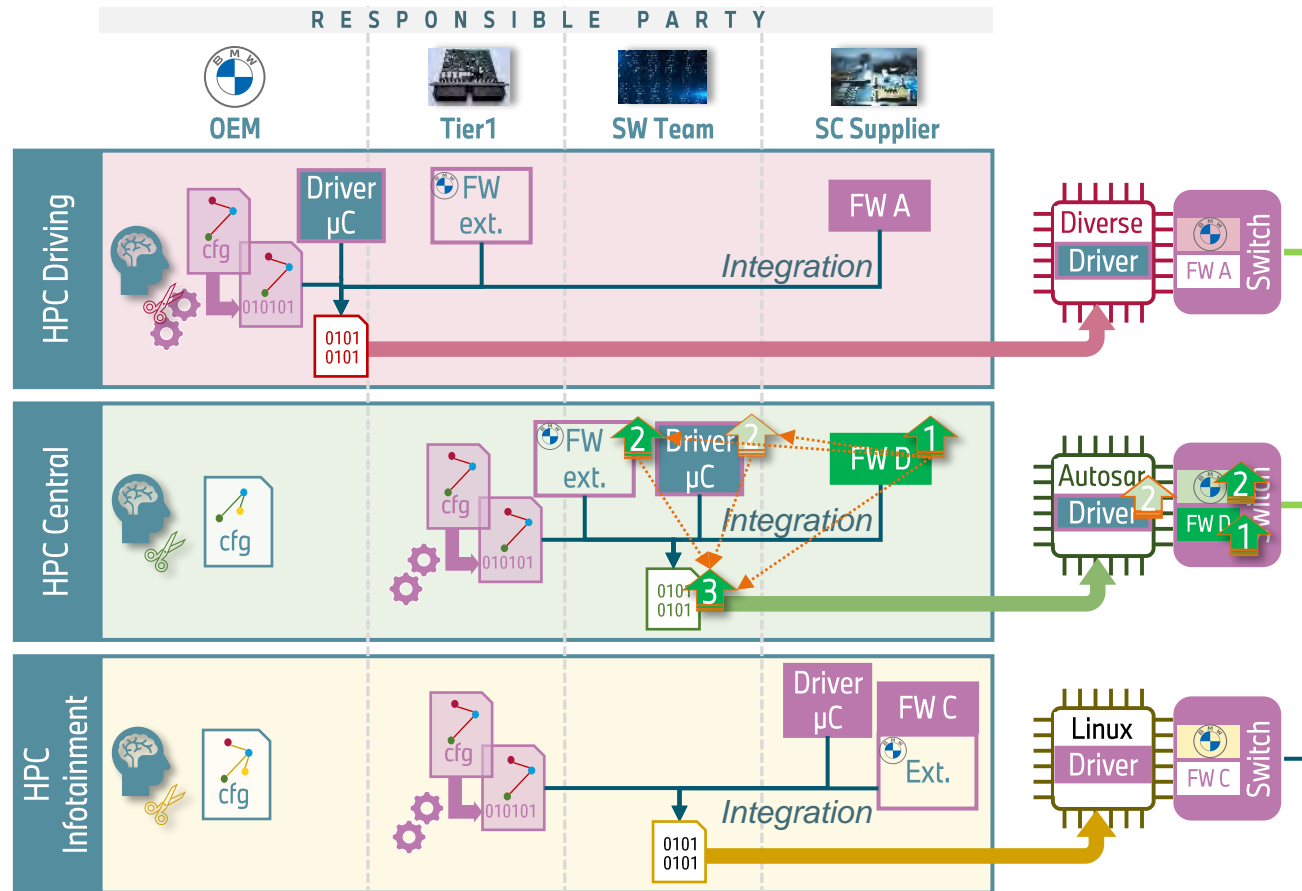
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WORKFLOW AND ORGANIZATION ARE DIFFERENT. CASE STUDY.



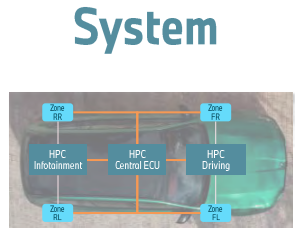
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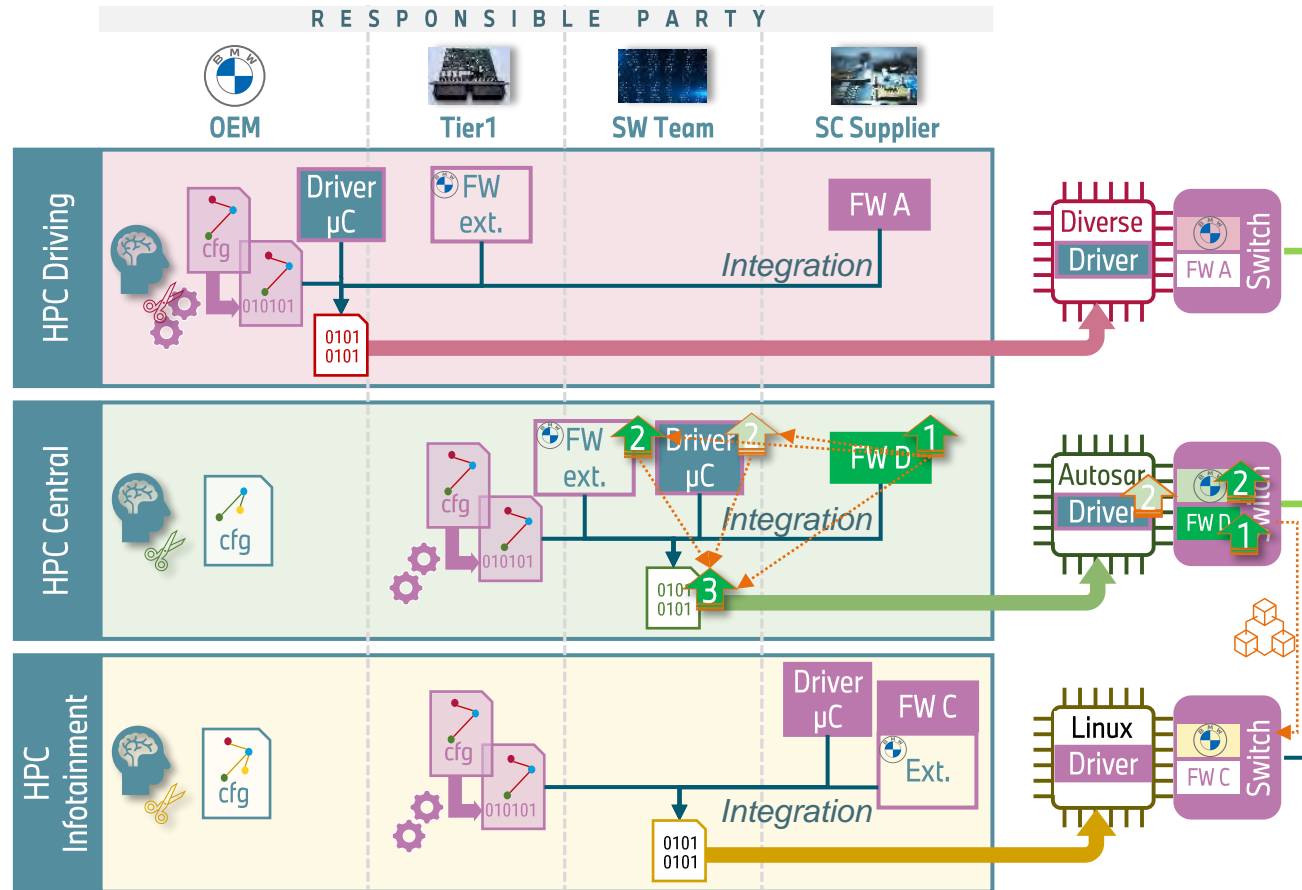
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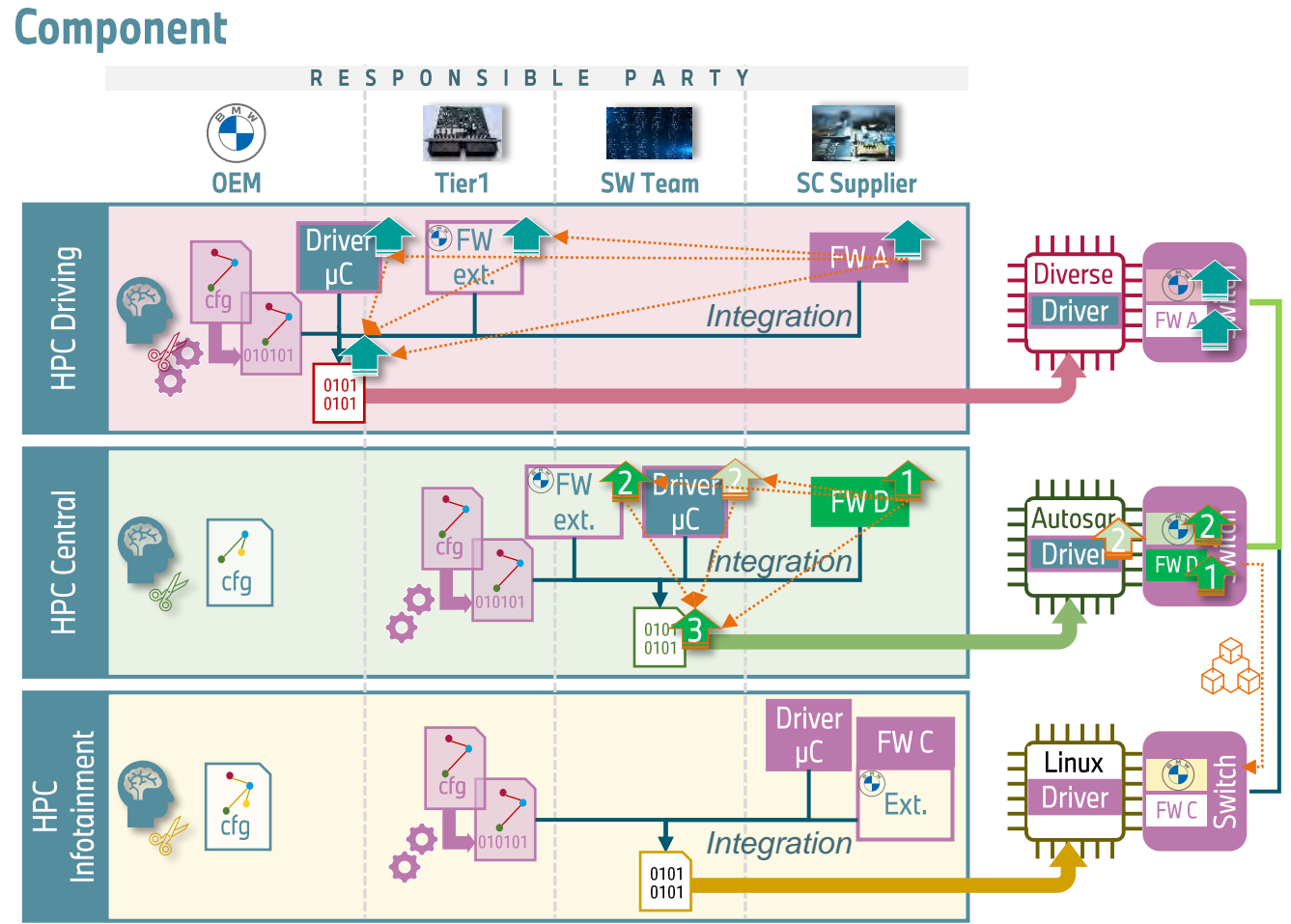
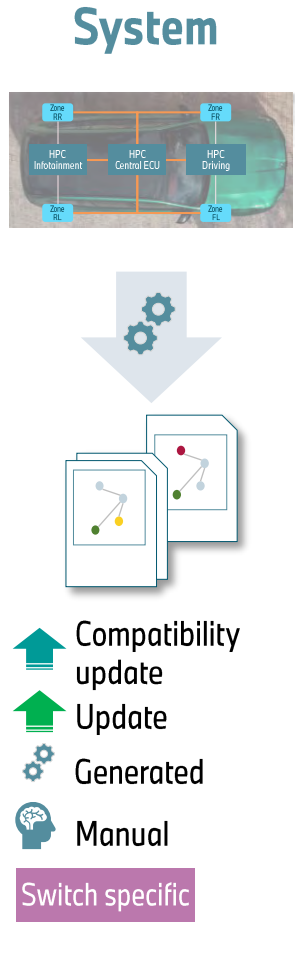
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Revision maintenance – API

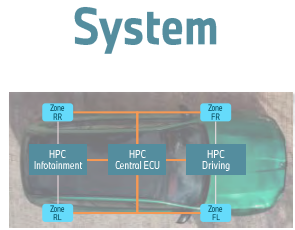
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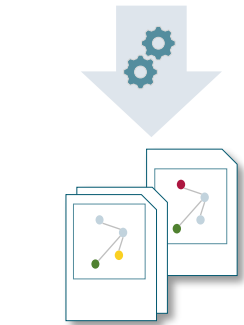
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- Revision maintenance – API
- Rolling out fix/patch

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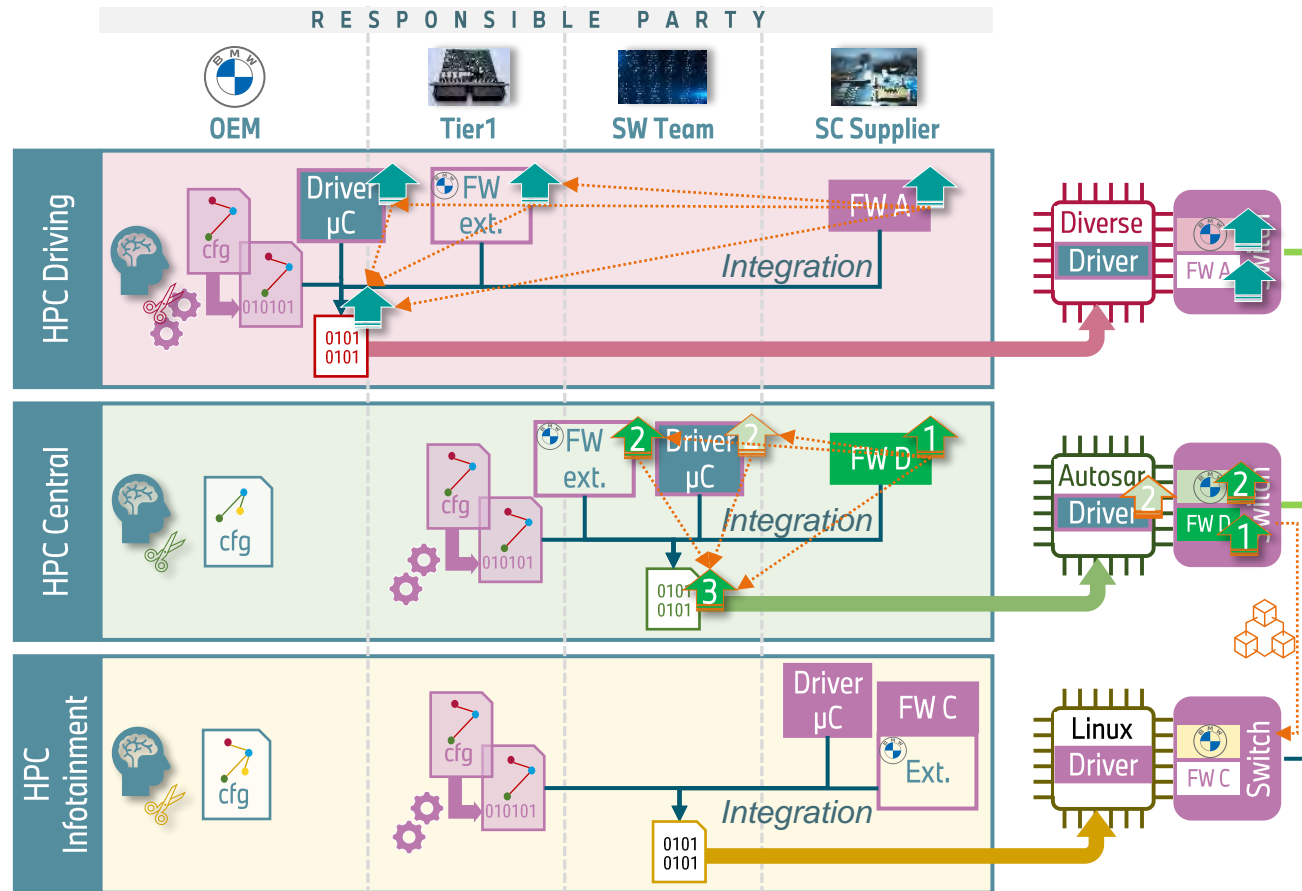


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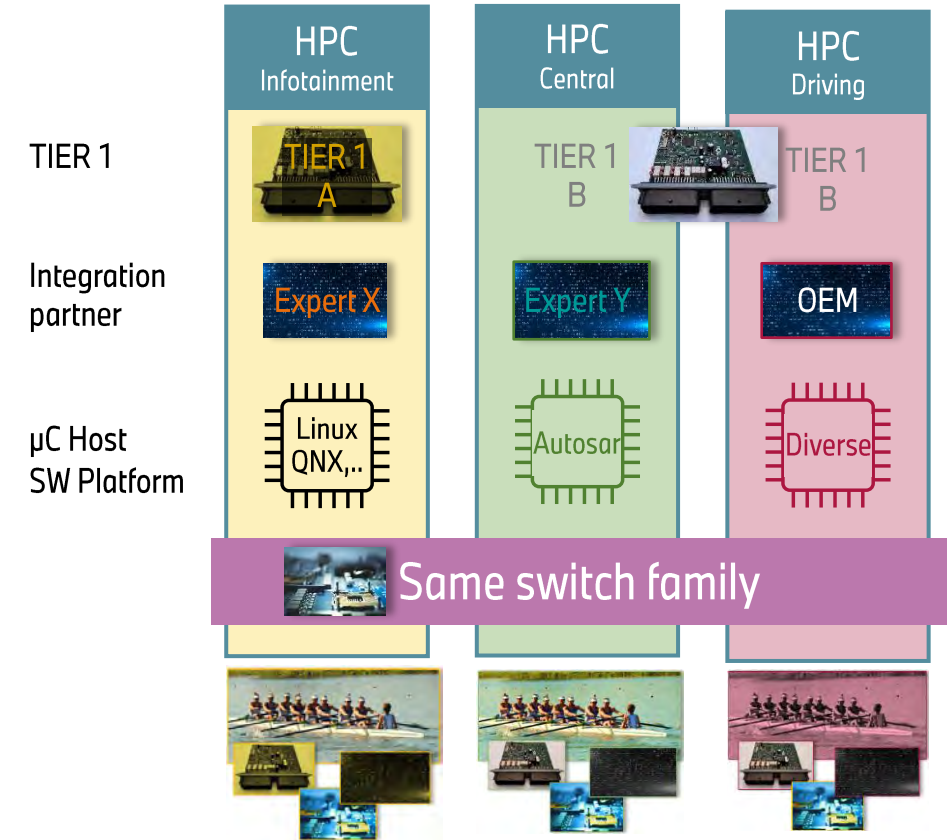
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Fixes post homologation or post SOP?

How many years switch vendor maintain their SW release ?

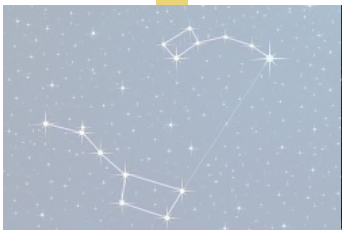
SWITCH MANAGEMENT AND CONFIGURATION IS CHALLENGING AND AFFECTS EVERYONE !

- Switches are one of the most complex subsystem within a component and yet are not involved in customer functionality
- HW abstraction is not 100% possible
- **Standardized interfaces** enable greater reuse of software to reduce time, effort and costs and ensure compatibility between systems
- **Generic configuration** reduce manually caused errors: automated workflow and greater compatibility between systems
- Testing and bug fixing is an aspect that should not be neglected: SW Maintenance 10 years after SOP?



Keep in mind:

*Our study case was **simplified** and did not include other switch vendors.*



WHY STANDARDIZATION ?

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Generic SW for Efficiency and reliability

- **SW re-use** via generic SW interfaces
 - Reduce risk towards delay
 - Focus on function development
- Less **interdependencies and early phase** validation (SW/HW)
- **Efficient** bug finding and bug fixing



Universal configuration format

- Toolchain **automation**
- **Uniform** configuration
- Smooth **porting and migration**



HW abstraction for modularity and flexibility

- Stronger design for new feature and architecture scalability
- Reduce **time** and **complexity** in ECU development
- **Flexibility** increased against **country regulation** fluctuation



... lead to:

- Common base / language to become more efficient in a multi-party projects
- We need to establish an ecosystem
- Non OEM specific solution can be profitable for other stakeholder

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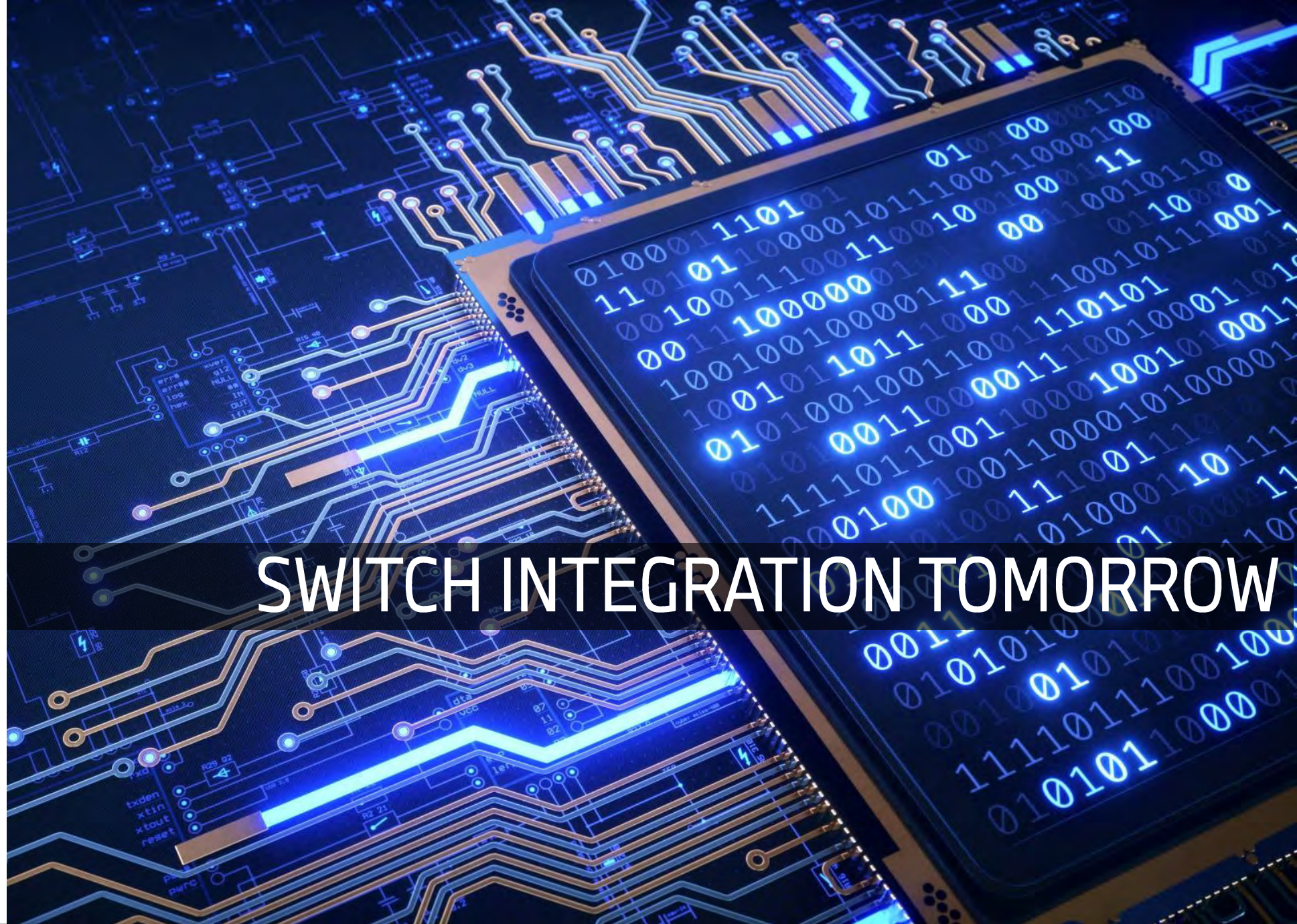
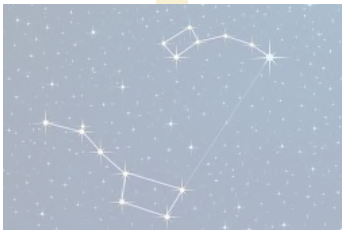
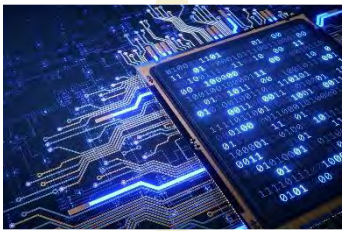
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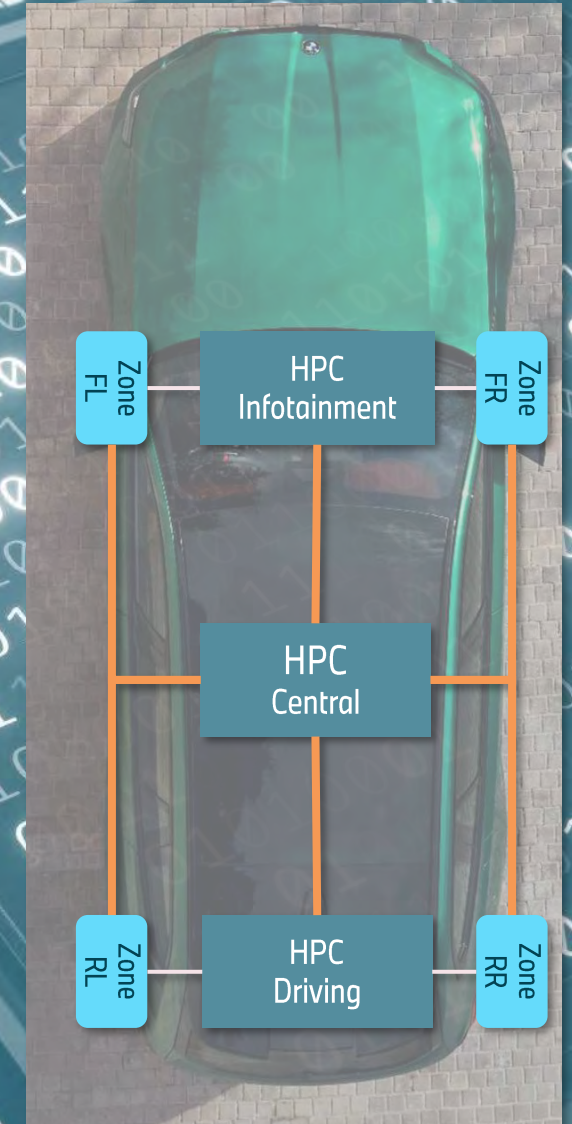
OEM, TIER 1, switch vendors and SW experts see improvement potential





SWITCH INTEGRATION TOMORROW

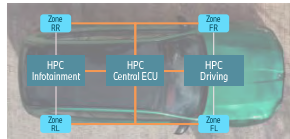
CHANCES OF STANDARDIZATION. PORTING ON THE CASE STUDY.



EFFICIENCY AND RELIABILITY IN SW APPLIED IN CASE STUDY. STANDARDIZED API AND PROTOCOL.

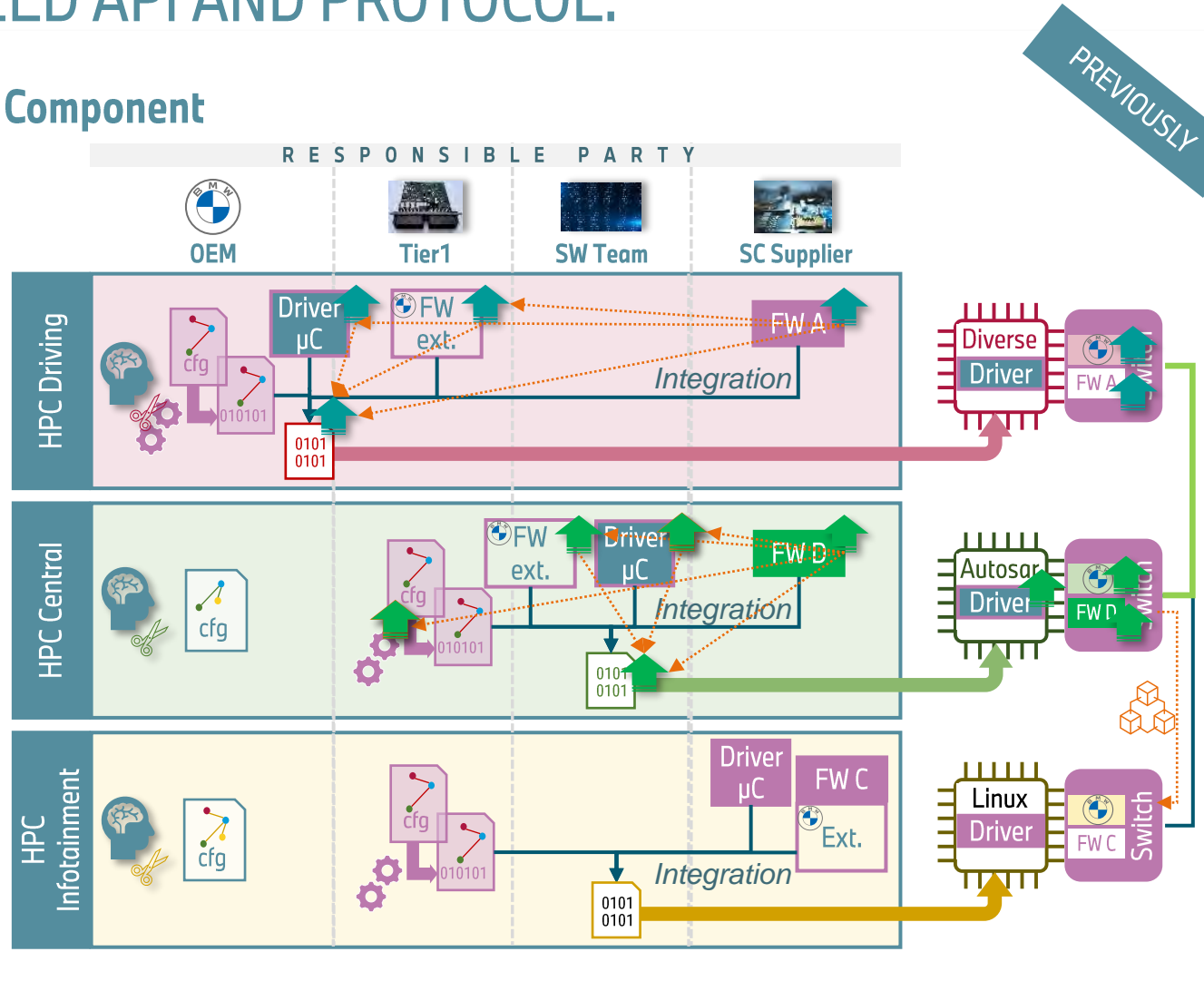


System



- Compatibility update
- Update
- Generated
- Manual
- Switch specific

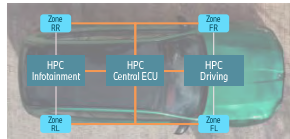
Component



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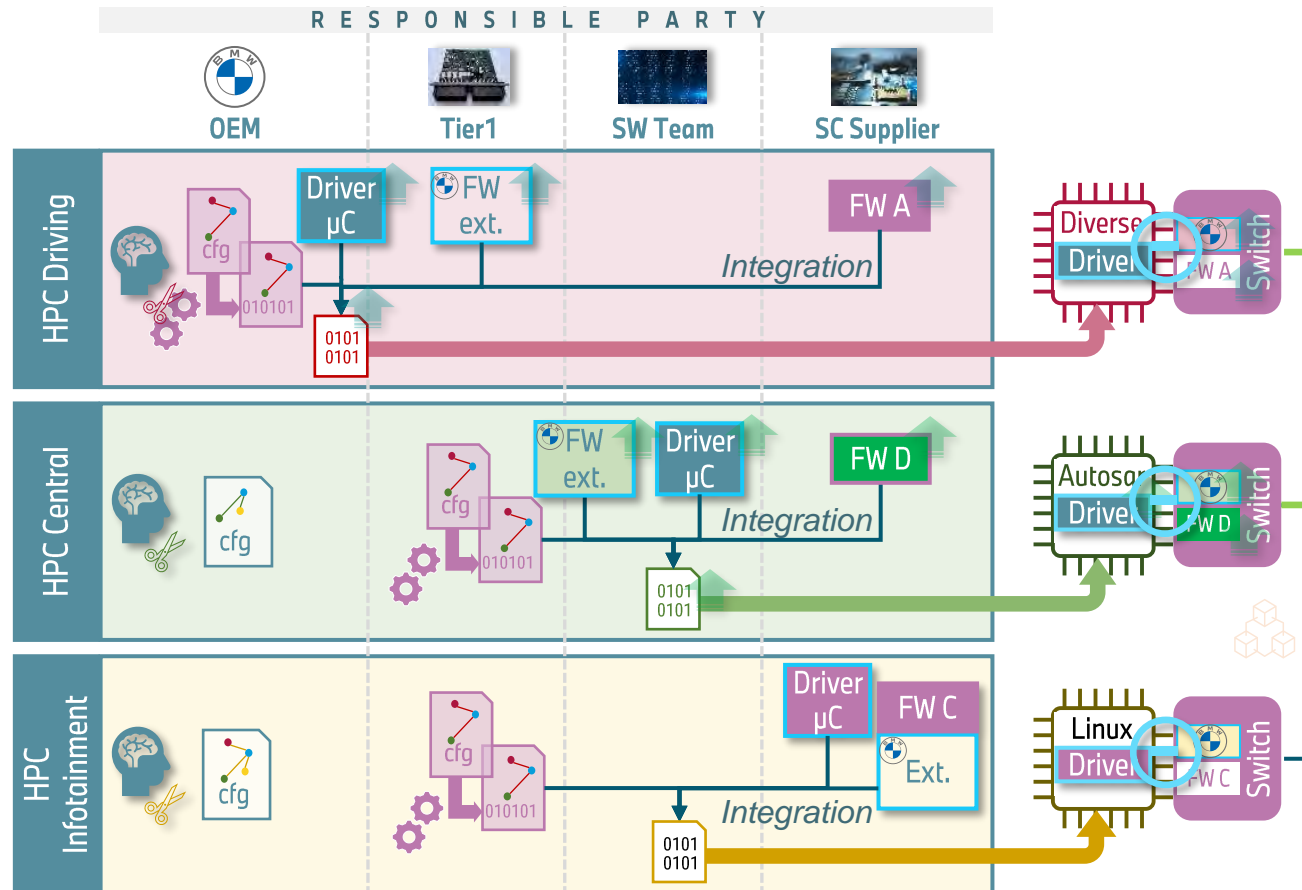


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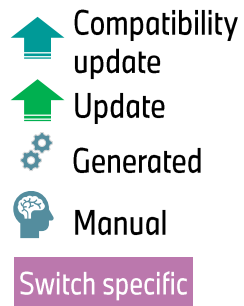
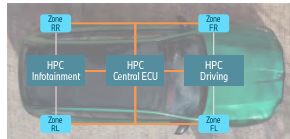


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- Driver** Compatibility is easier to maintain
- Universal protocol enables a multiple OS compatibility

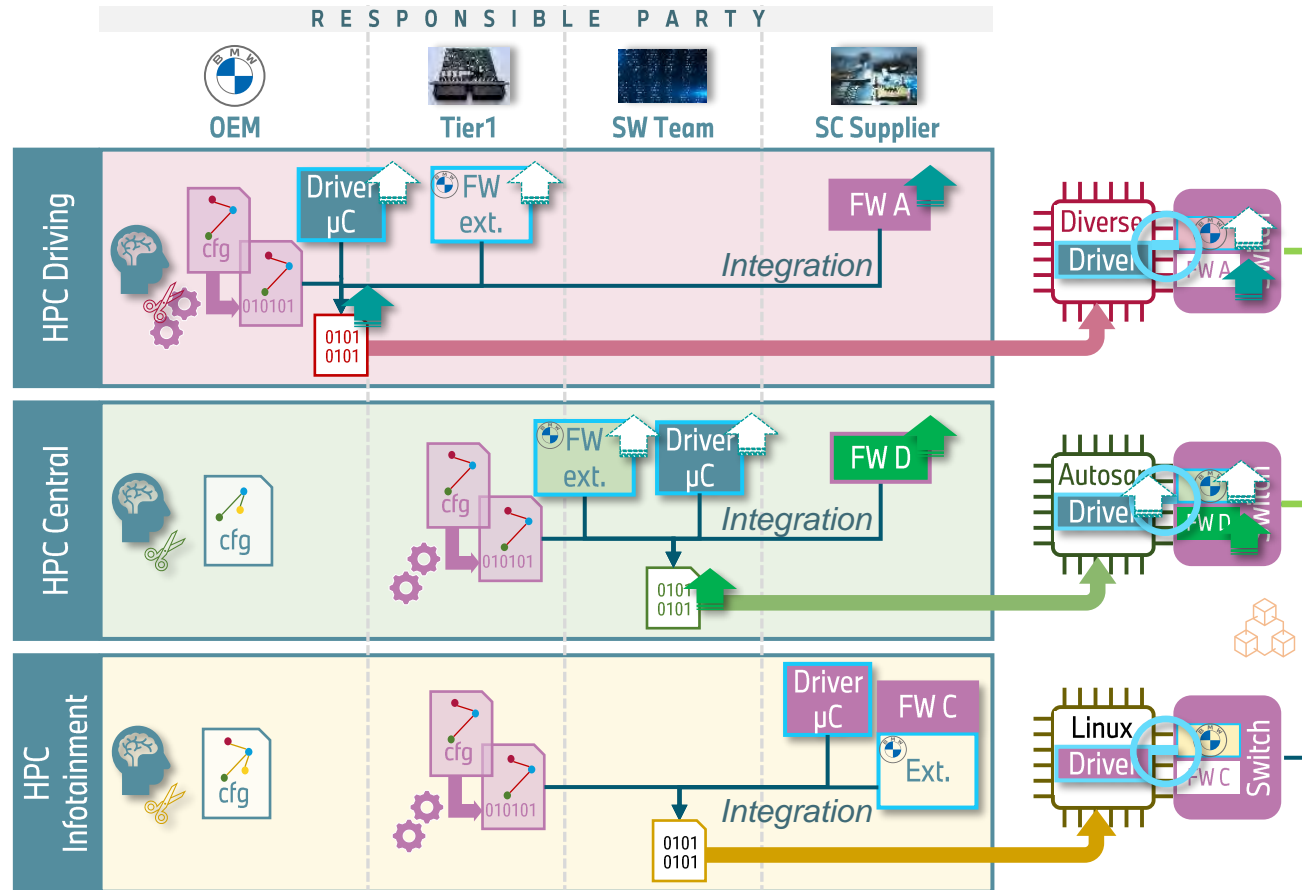
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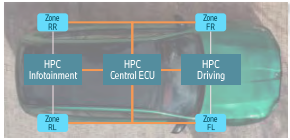


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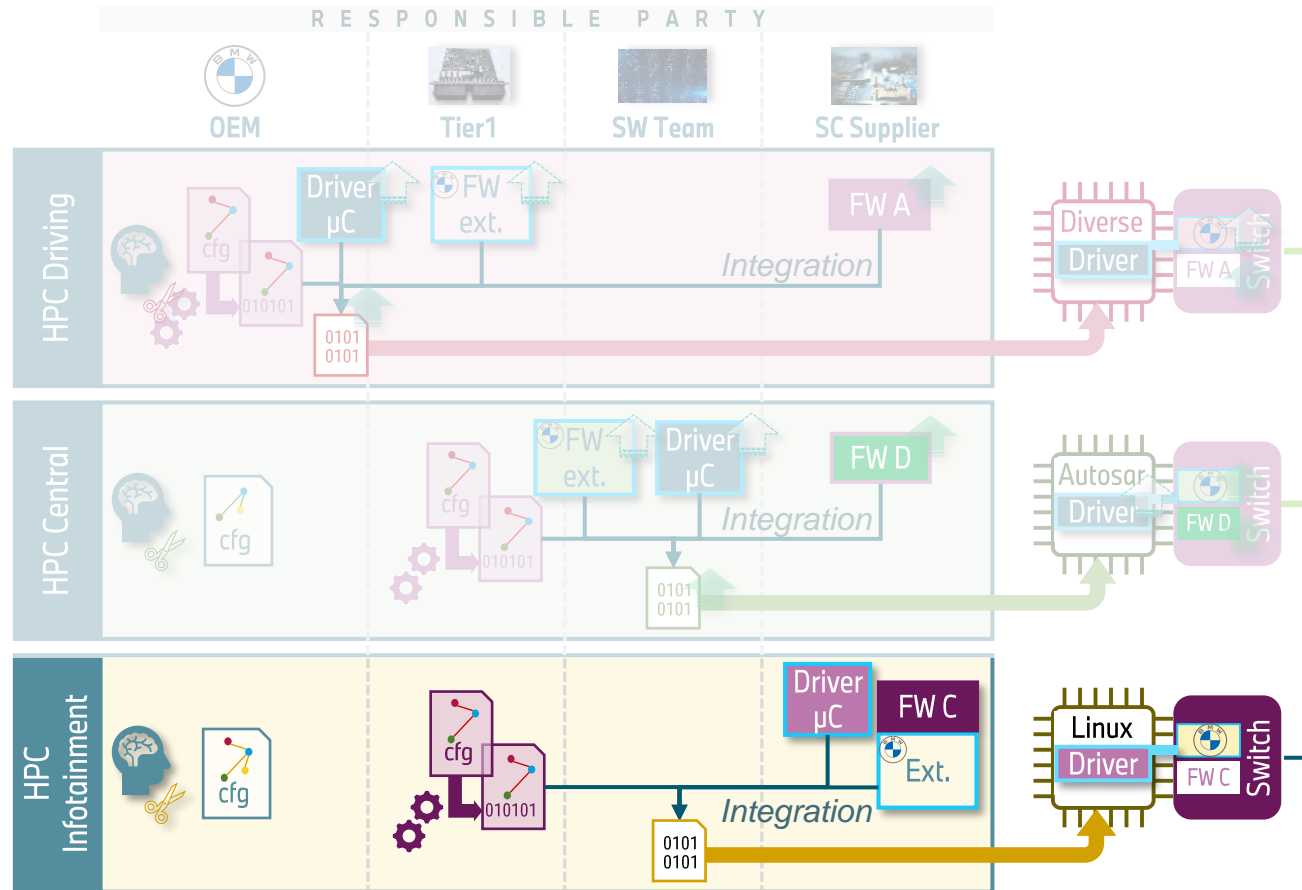


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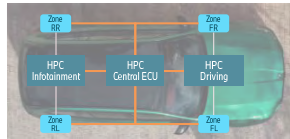


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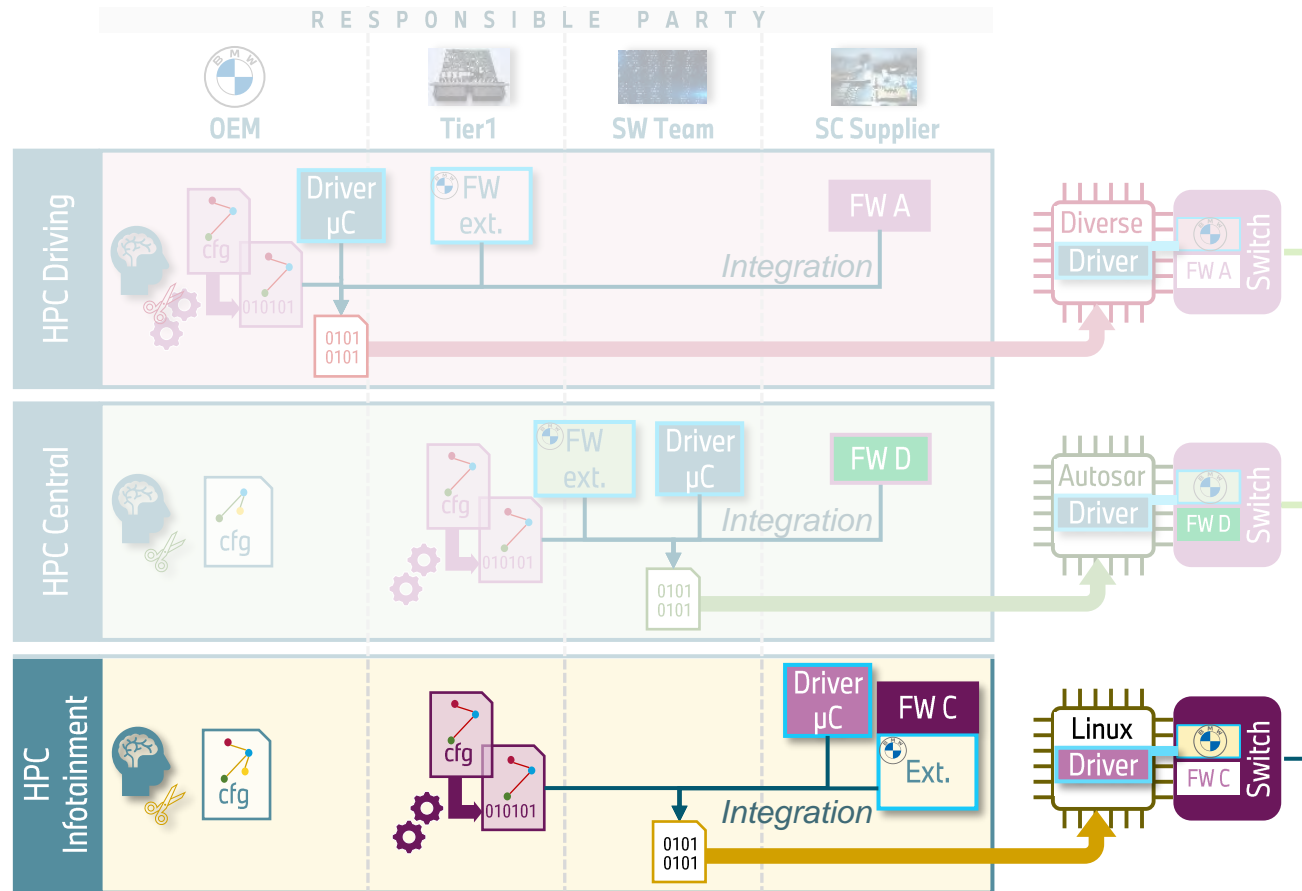


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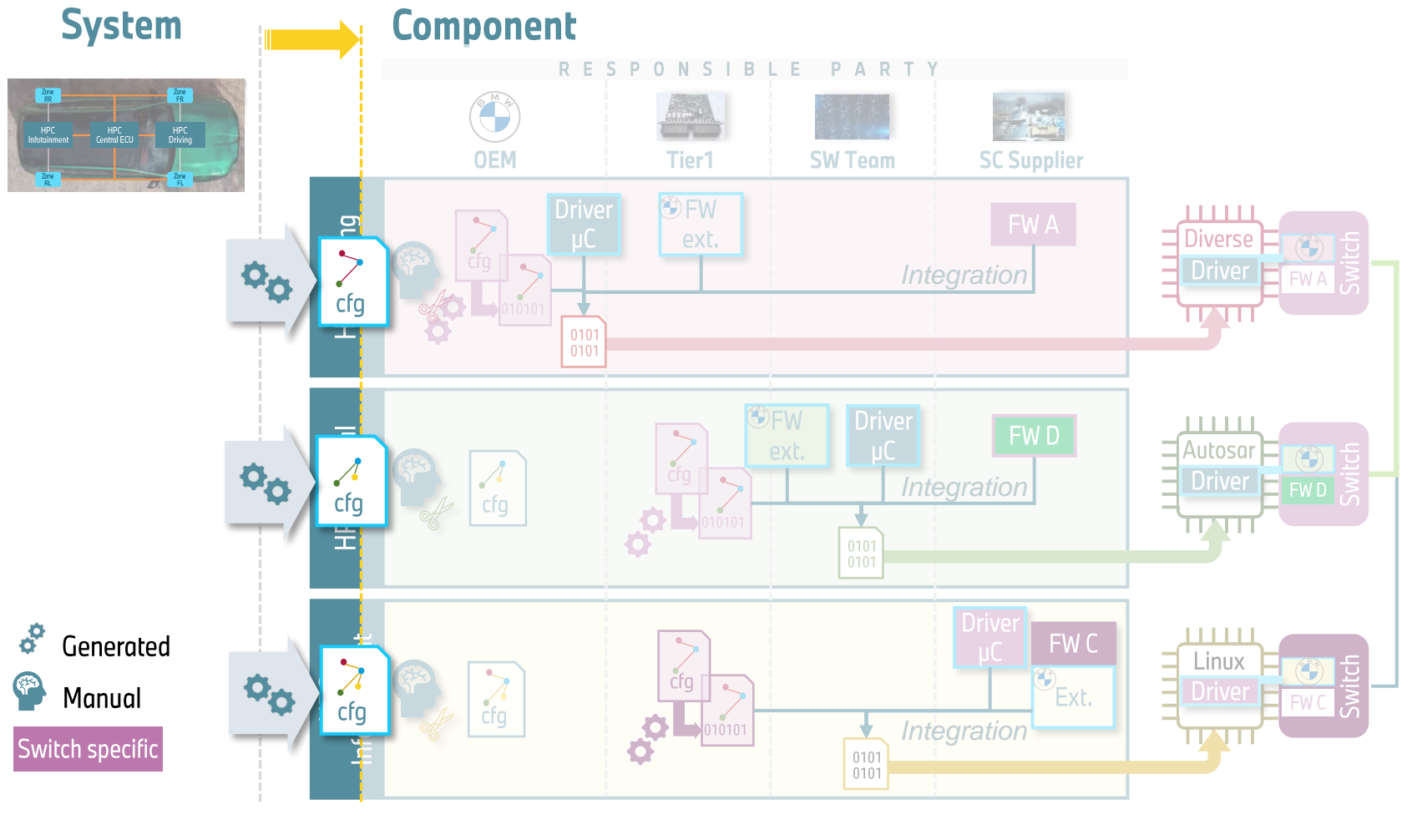


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Next step: configuration !

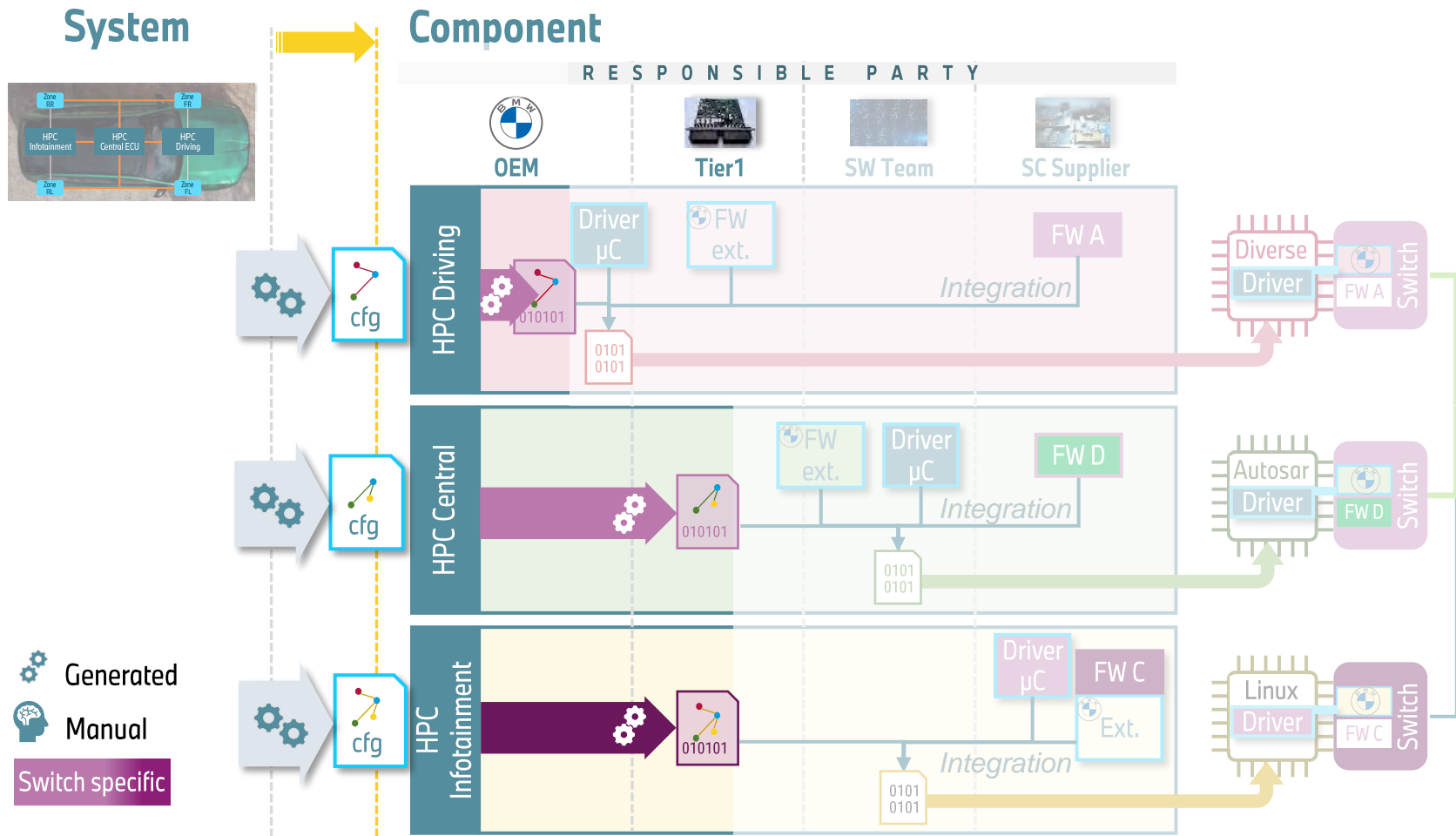
EFFICIENCY AND RELIABILITY IN SW APPLIED IN CASE STUDY. CONFIGURATION.



➔ More efficient with automated toolchain:

- Configuration generation in standardized format at system level
- Continuous integration at system level

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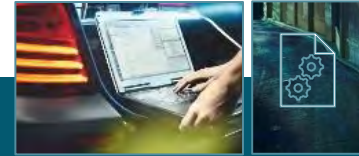


➔ More efficient with automated toolchain:

- Configuration generation in standardized format at system level (no manual errors)
- Continuous integration at system level
- Less effort for HPC team

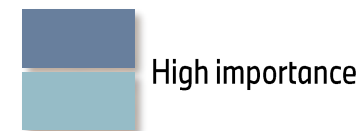
➤ Enables system abstraction and makes it easy to transfer to other providers (i.e. component reuse for China)

GENERIC INTERFACE AND CONFIGURATION. DEPENDENCIES HW – SW.



	Security	Flash & Diagnostic		Timing	Networking		Life cycle
SW support	Secured boot	Update firmware	Monitoring	SCT	Networking Filtering	Vlan filt.	Wake-up
	MKA	New config	Configset change	Time validation	L3 Routing	Prioritization	UDP-NM3
	Firewall, Filtering	Interaction protocol	Mirroring	gPTP	TC11, TC8	AVB	Partial Network
HW support	HSM	Flash	SPI /SMI	1588	Packet buffer	QoS Queues	...
	MACSec	Dual banking	MIB	HW clock	Schaper Scheduler	ARL	
	Policing				Ports		
	TCAM				SPI		

→ Non exhaustive list, need to be completed!

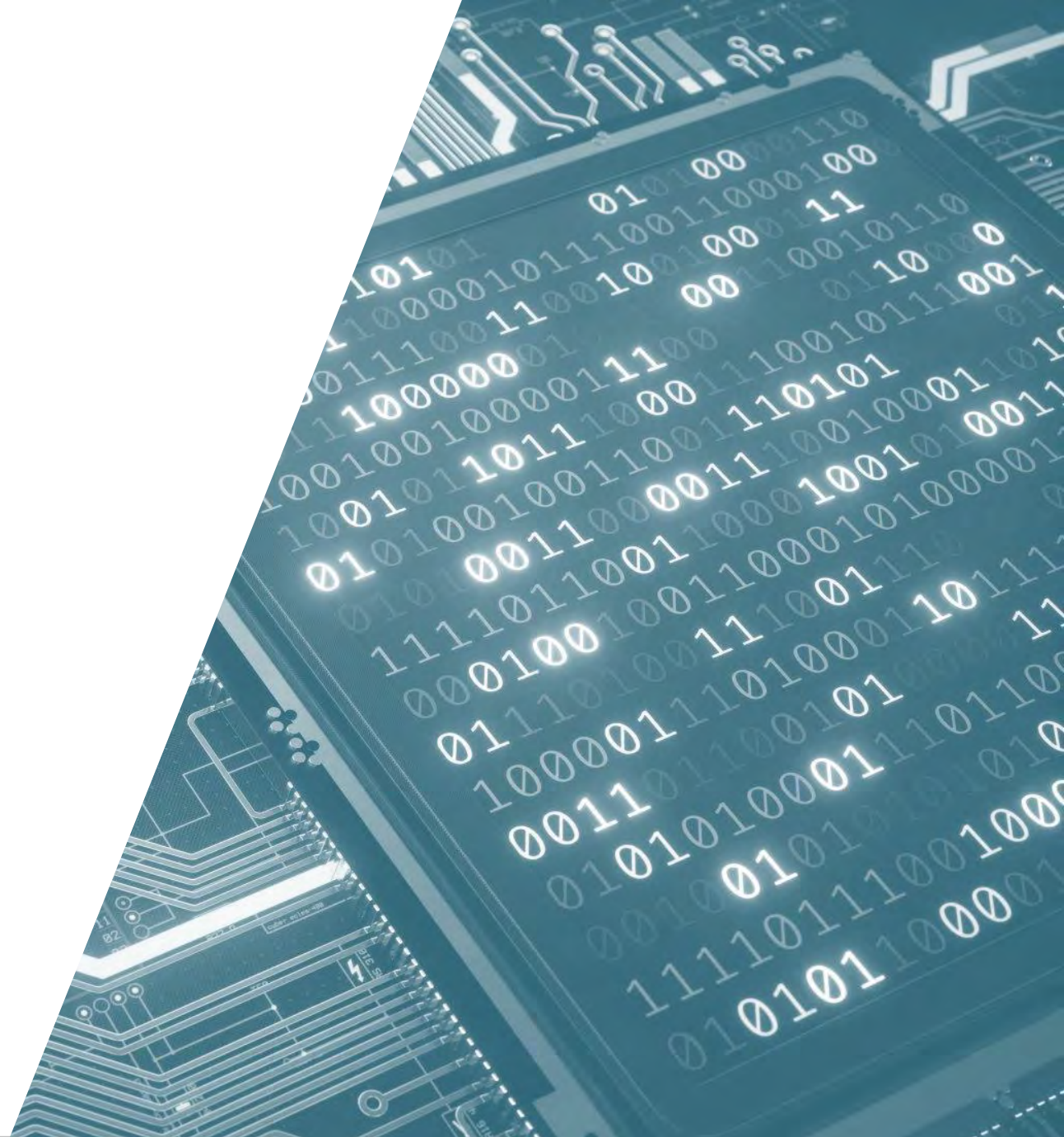


To-Dos for standardization :

- Define scope and minimal feature set
- Identify relevant part for HW (configuration) and SW (API)
- Identify dependencies between HW and SW

It must be generic to reserve **HW design freedom** but specific enough for **OEM needs !**

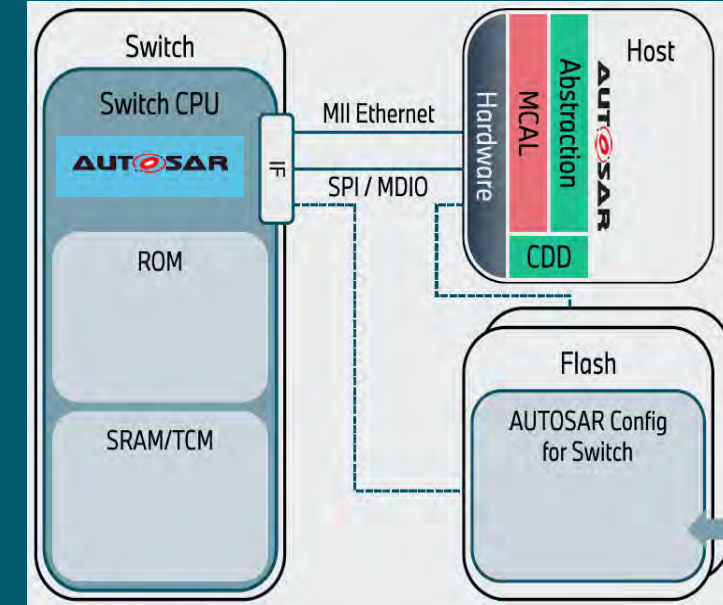
OUTLOOKS.



IS AUTOSAR SWITCH THE SOLUTION ?

OTHER APPROACHES AVAILABLE.

- Solves partly the problems for AUTOSAR :
 - Export format equal as host (*.arxml)
 - Integrated toolchain
- Comes with the same limitations from AUTOSAR (cost, complexity, limitations)
- Implements a switch-host RPC protocol: compatibility with different stack vendors and non-AUTOSAR system

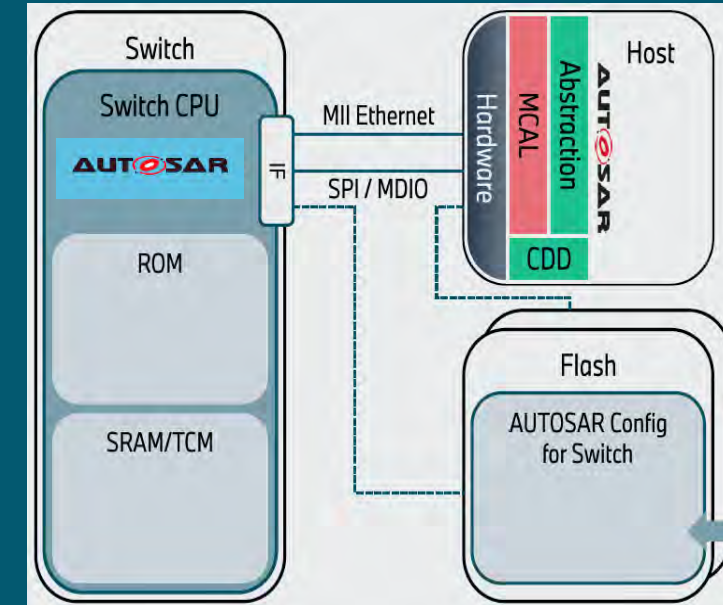


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AUTOSAR is **not** the solution for non AUTOSAR projects !

- License cost
- Additional effort to understand this new ecosystem and cost for toolchain



EXISTING MECHANISM IN IT WORLD. OUTLOOK.

Existing solutions in the IT world [vs. Automotive]

- Mechanism: SNMP, NETCONF, RESTCONF [DoIP, Prop.]
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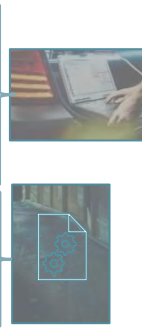
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- Issue solved ?
- Why not already switch vendors selling product in other sectors have not introduced these mechanisms in automotive ?

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What can be adapted for Automotive ? **SOME/IP**

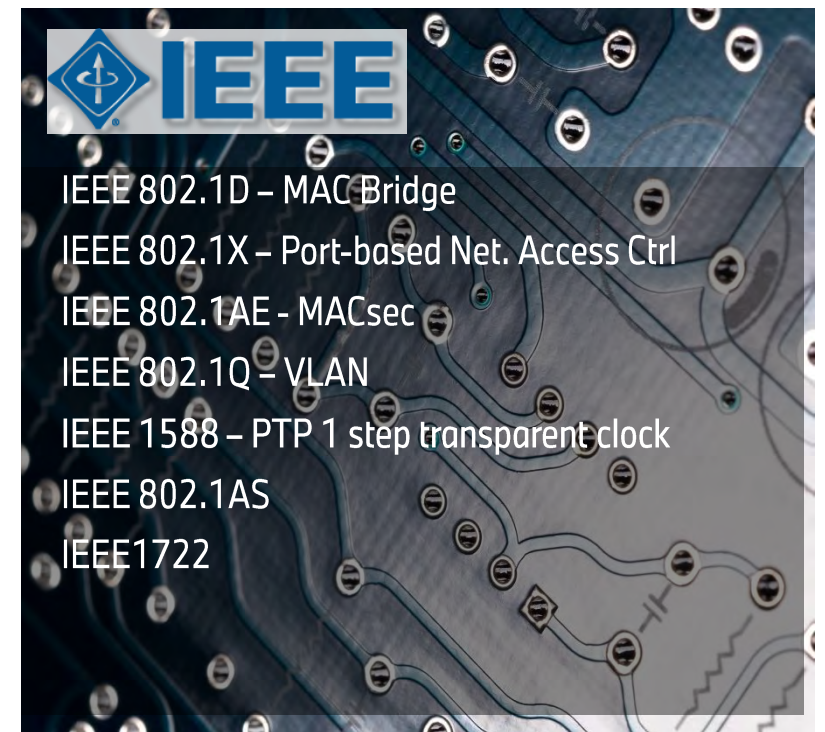
→ „Automotive“ profile ?

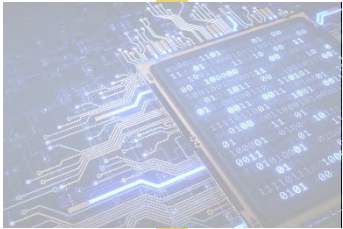
SWITCHES ARE ALREADY COVERED BY MANY STANDARDS. AVAILABLE AUTOMOTIVE SPECIFICATIONS.

Complex system with different usage

Implementation is not specified due to high OS diversity

Common exchange format and management needed

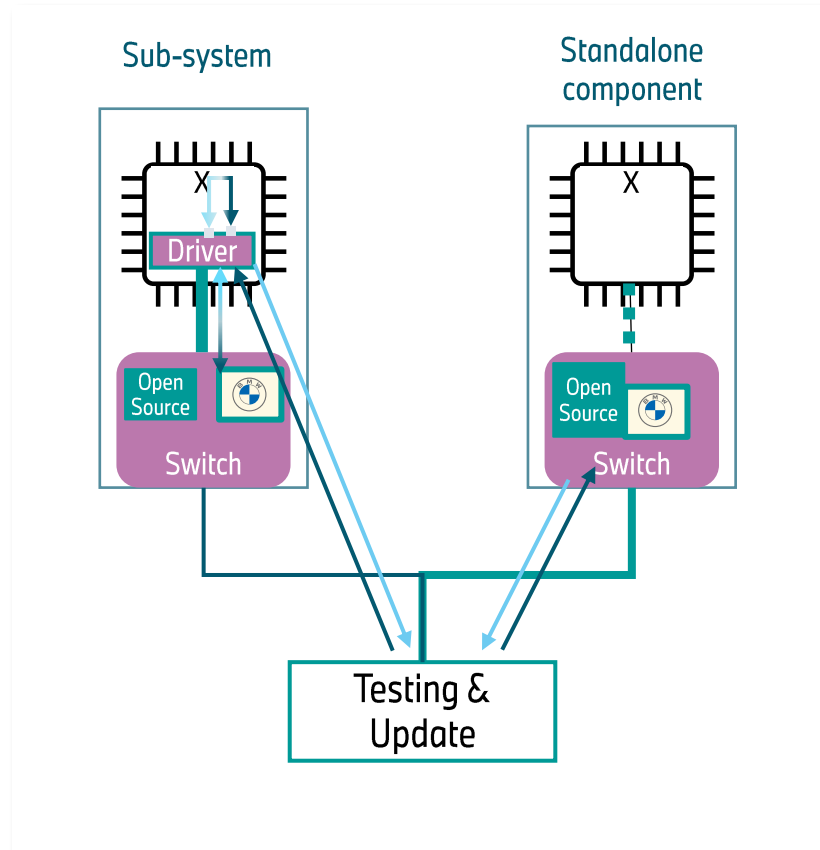




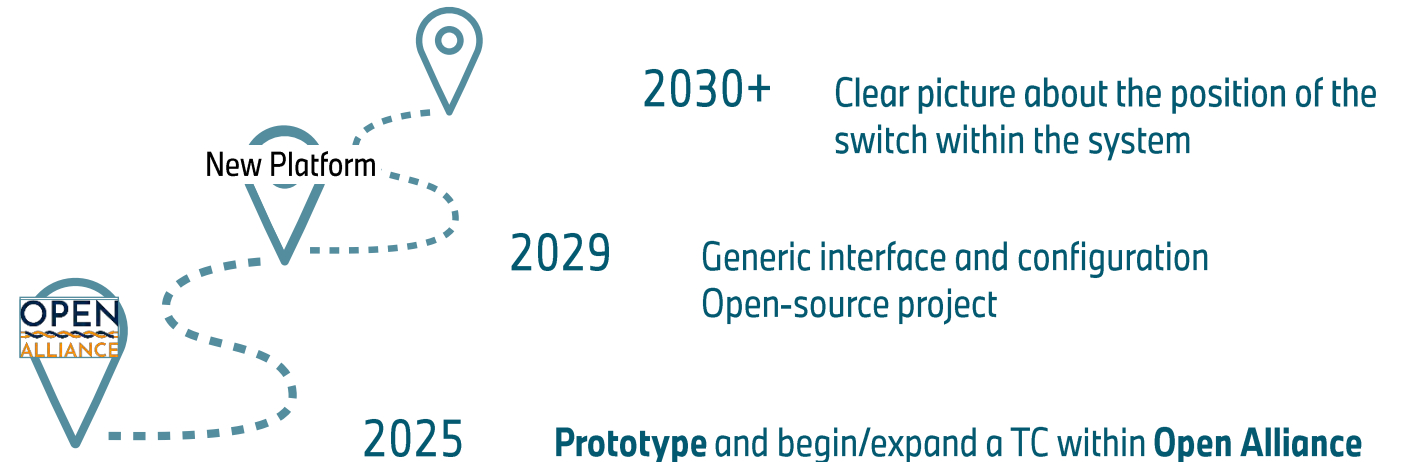
MISSION NORTH STAR, OUR OBJECTIVES

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FINAL SOLUTION STILL TO BE DEFINED BUT CLEAR GOALS.



1. Switch remains a subsystem or becomes an independent system component located within a HPC
2. Generic interface and configuration are the first steps we have identified
3. Open-source solution is attractive and there is still work to be done



TAKEAWAYS.

1. SW API and configuration standardization is a necessity to solve current and future struggles
2. The solution cannot be OEM specific
3. Participation of all concerned parties is valuable to draw the solution
4. Is there within IEEE a similar working group or a possible liaison with Open Alliance ?



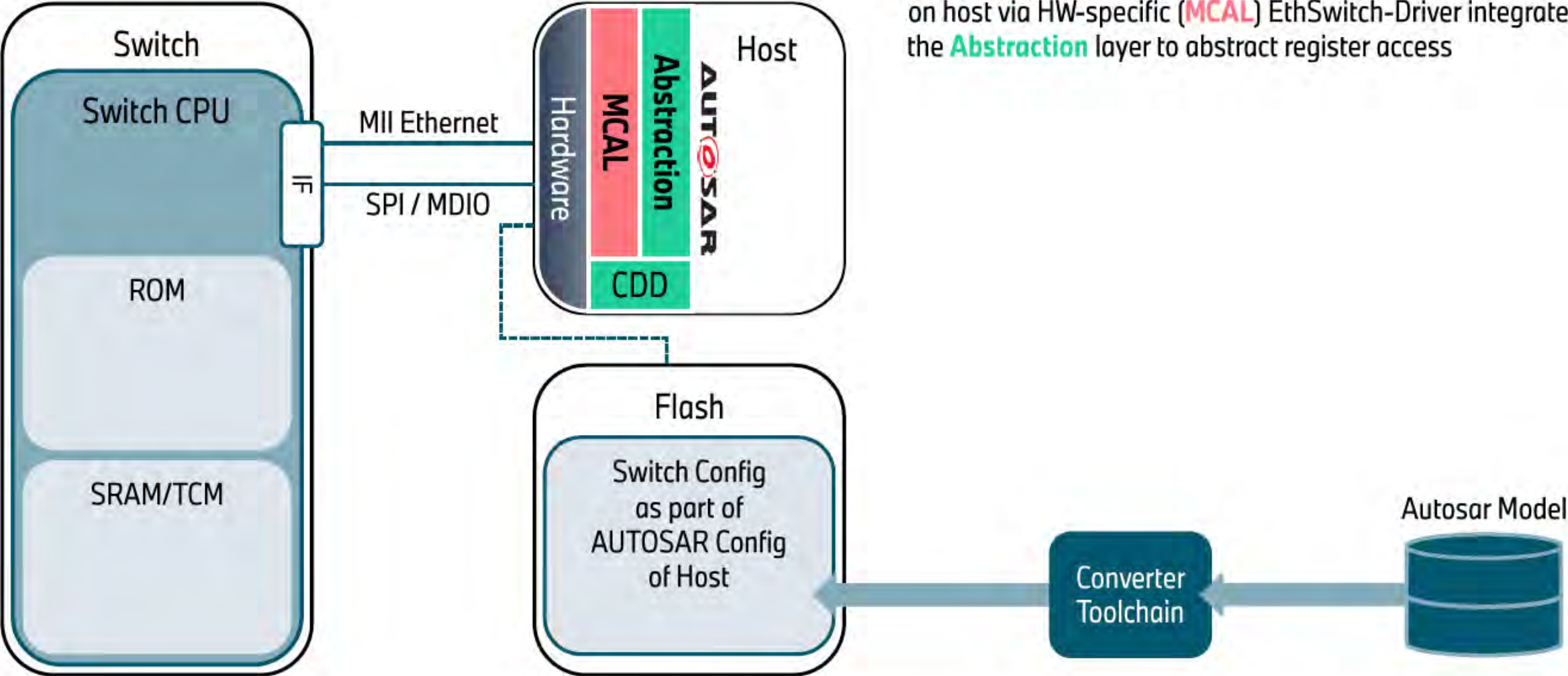
THANK YOU FOR YOUR
ATTENTION



Backup

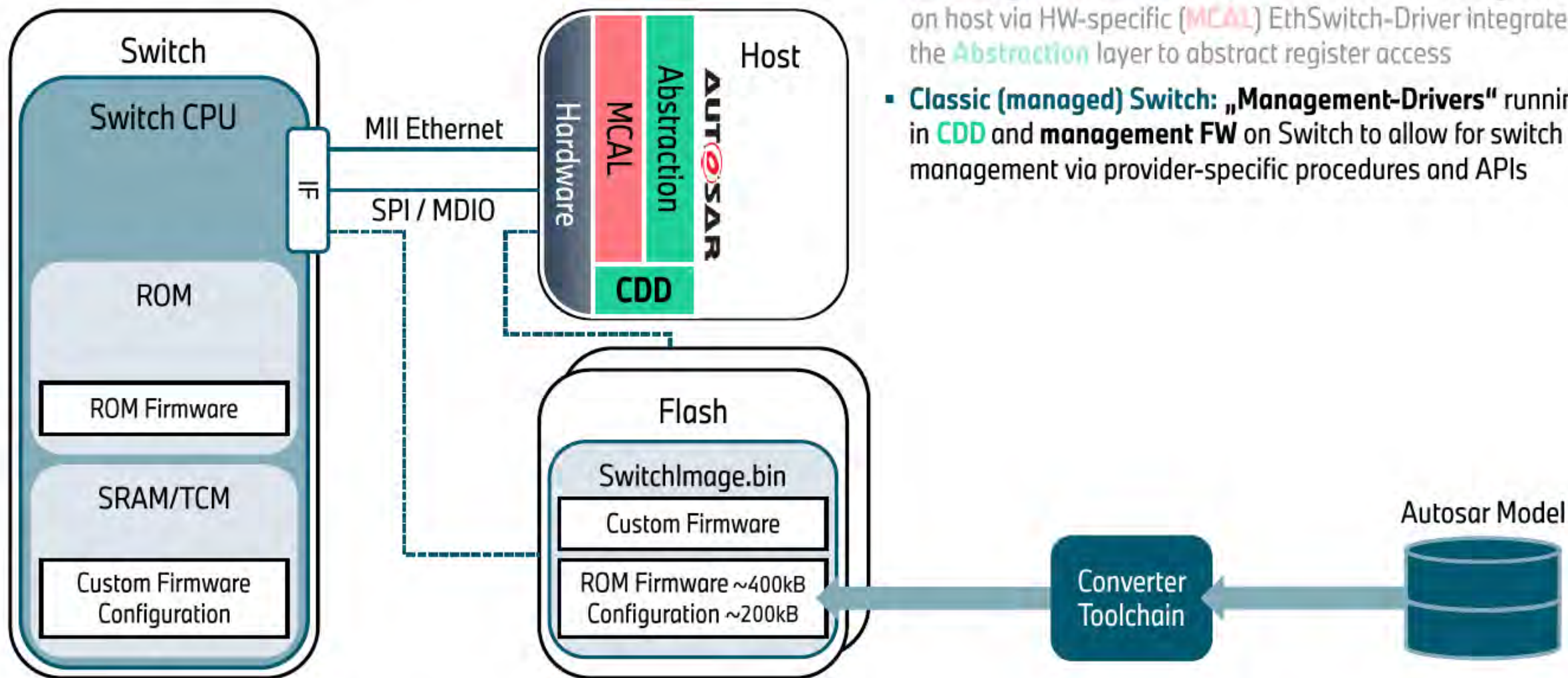


AN OVERVIEW OF DIFFERENT SWITCH CONFIGURATION APPROACHES. SWITCH MANAGEMENT, RE-CONFIGURATION & FLASH UPDATES.



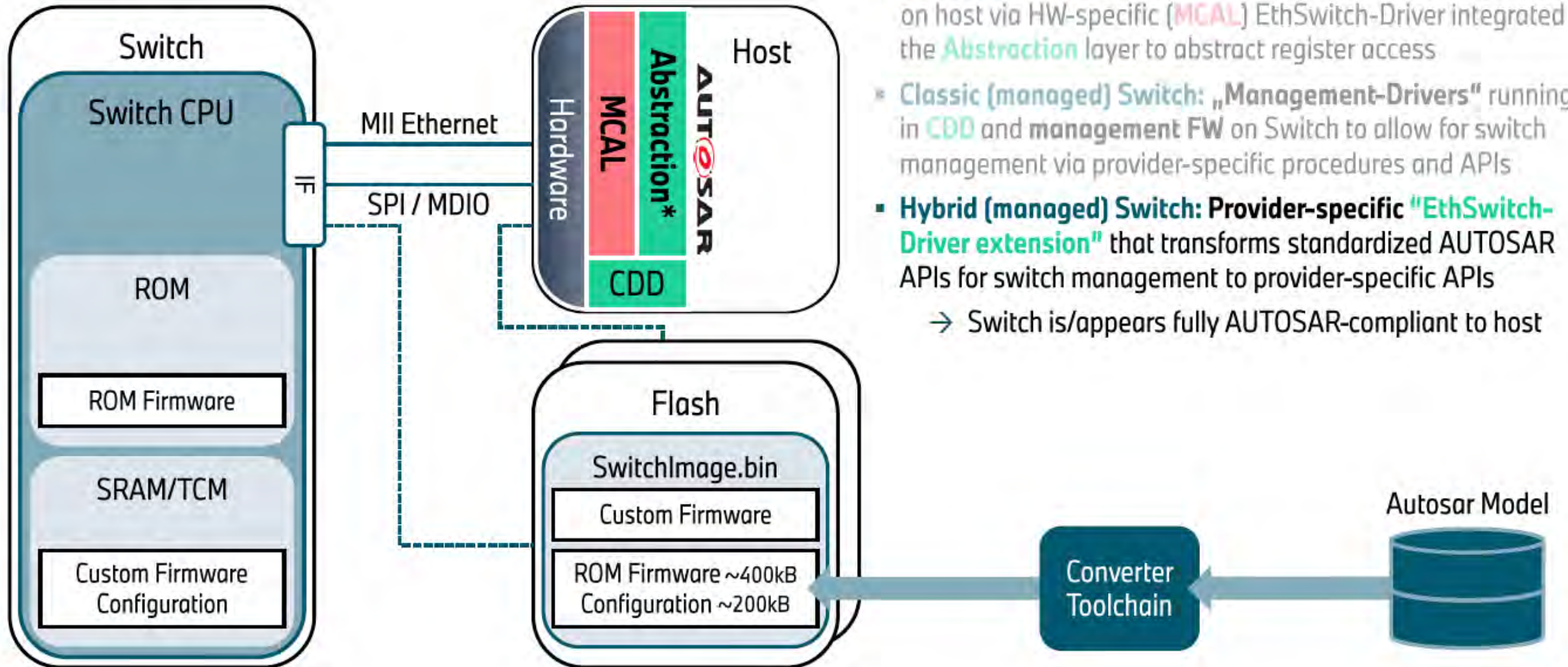
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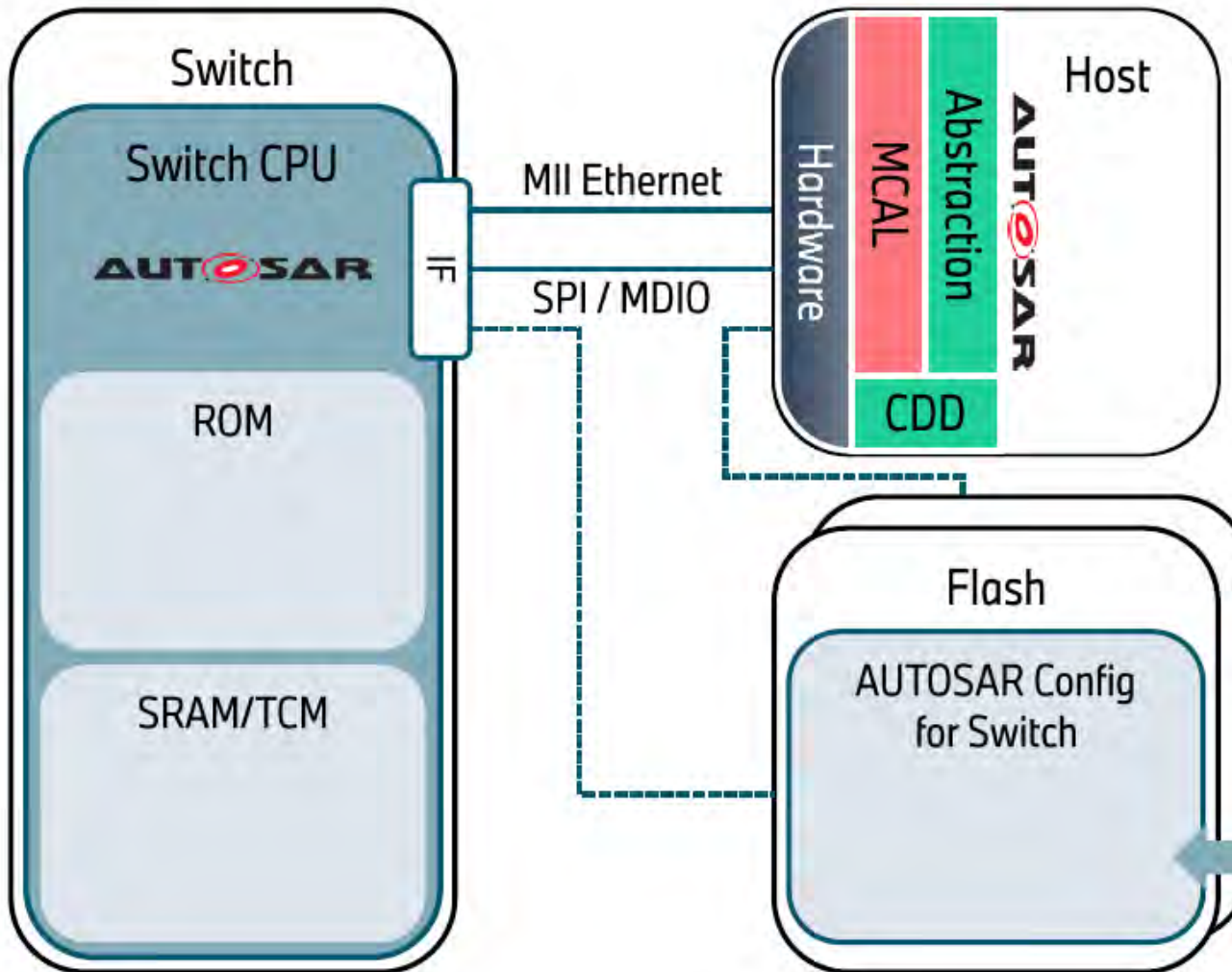
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- **AUTOSAR (managed) Switch:** Fully **AUTOSAR-compliant management SW** on host and switch that allows the host for management via well-defined AUTOSAR APIs (only!)